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THE DELIA TIMES

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ALBERTA PROVINCIAL NEWSPAPER
EDMONTON

An Independent Weekly Newspaper Published in the Interest of Delia and the Surrounding District

Vol. VII., No. 31 DELIA, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, JULY 30, 1925 Subscription $1.50 a Year

POSTAGE PAID

DOLLAR WEEK!

Prices for next week, beginning Aug. 1st

5 No. 2 Tins Pineapple	$1.00
5 No. 2 Tins Pears	$1.00
5 No. 1 Tins Peaches	$1.00
5 No. 2 Tins Blackberries	$1.00
3 No. 2 Tins Crushed Pineapple	$1.00
6 Gem Half-gallon Fruit Jars	$1.00
3 No. 2 Tins Strawberries	$1.00
3 No. 2 Tins Raspberries	$1.00
10-lb. Tin Rogers' Syrup	$1.00
5 Tins good Salmon	$1.00
5-lb. Tin Mica Grease	$1.00
18 Bars Family Soap	$1.00
14 large Bars Sunlight Soap	$1.00
3 lbs. Brookfield Cheese	$1.00
6 Tins Gillet's Lye	$1.00
6 Tins Carnation Milk	$1.00
6 Tins Quaker Pork and Beans	$1.00
4 No. 2½ Tins Crabapples	$1.00
5 lbs. Fresh Roasted Peanuts	$1.00
20 Bars Royal Crown Soap	$1.00

The Delia Farmers' Co-operative Assoc., Ltd.

Phone 39

Second Payment of Western Wheat Pools

Fifteen million dollars is being paid to members of the inter-provincial wheat pools in the second interim payment, according to an official statement issued by the president of the Canadian Co-operative Wheat Producers, Limited. The payment amounts to 20c. per bushel, basis No. 1 wheat, and brings the total already distributed to $1.35 a bushel on the 1924 crop. The statement intimates that the final payment will be made some time in August.

Due to the volume of wheat received by the pool during recent weeks the 1924 pool was not closed until July 15. Twenty cents a bushel is being paid on Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 Northern, also the toughs of these grades: 16c. on No. 5, tough 5, and rejected grades, and 10c. will be paid on No. 6, tough 6, smuttys, and rejected of other grade. No payment, the statement says, will be paid at this time on feed and such wheat graded rejected, heated and smutted. Spreads on grades will be adjusted when the final payment is made.

Increase in Membership Forecast.

With the pool announcement of a second interim payment of 20c. on 75,000,000 bushels before August 1 and the certainty of an additional final payment before the close of the market year on 1924 production, members of the Canadian Co-operative Wheat Producers, Limited, find their certificates netting them from 20c. to 30c. more than the bulk of the non-pool wheat in Canada. This economic success promises to enormously increase membership in the three pools of the prairie provinces. This $12,000,000 second interim payment is only on the 75,000,000 bushels of Nos 1, 2, 3 and 4 wheat handled by the pool, and has no relation to the other grades, of which a substantial portion of pool holdings are represented.

Dairy, Livestock and Poultry Pools to Operate

The new provincial dairy, livestock and poultry co-operative marketing pools have now obtained a sufficient number of five-year contracts for purposes of organization as a result of the recent membership drive. The provisional boards of all three pools announce that they have obtained more than their minimum objective of contracts, and that plans are now being made for the establishment of the permanent organizations for the management and operation of the pools.

Hand Hills U.F.A. Constituency Association

The annual convention of the Hand Hills U.F.A. Constituency Association will be held at Three Hills on Wednesday, July 15, there being a fair attendance of delegates present. A letter was read from P. W. Billwiller tendering his resignation as president owing to his appointment to the Equalization Assessment Board, and a motion was passed that a letter of appreciation for his services be sent by the secretary to Mr. Billwiller.

Resolutions were then dealt with, amongst those brought before the convention being the following:—

"Asking that in order not to obstruct legislation additional indemnities should not be paid to leaders of any group other than the one in power."

"Asking that co-operation should be included in the Normal School course and public school curriculum."

Two resolutions asking for amendments to the School Ordinance: One asking that ratepayers in local districts have the privilege of sending their children to whichever school is most convenient, which was passed; and one asking for full franchise to ratepayers of two districts who live on adjoining quarter sections. This was lost.

Re-affirming our stand that in case of Canada going to war that wealth, industry and man-power be conscripted."

"Asking that provincial savings certificates be made payable to bearer."

"Asking that the Provincial Government assist the municipalities to exterminate jack rabbits."

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Col. Robinson, Delia; vice-president, Mr. Campbell; directors, E. D. Blain (Hanna), Mr. Sharpe (Munson), and G. T. Proudfoot (Lonebutte).

After an address by G. A. Forster, M.L.A., a discussion followed on the last session of the legislature and the convention closed with the singing of the National Anthem.

Threshermen Must Register.

Notices will be forwarded shortly by the Provincial Department of Agriculture to threshermen in the province requiring them to register their separators with the Department before the commencement of the threshing season. The fee for registration is $1.00.

A new oil well which will probably give a production of 100 barrels daily has been brought in by the British Petroleum Co. in the Wainwright field east of Edmonton.

Many Taking Up Irrigated Land

A renewal of arrangements for the removal of settlers from the drought areas of the southern Alberta has been made by the Provincial Department of Agriculture with the railways and the Federal government. This has been done owing to the request received from a number of farmers in that area who have been faced with the prospect of another crop failure this year and desire to be removed to other locations.

The provincial government does not attempt to influence the settlers as to the locations to which they will move but assists them in having land settlement irrigation districts. An effort to interest these settlers in the irrigated lands of the Lethbridge Northern irrigation district, James Pike, colonization manager of the district, has canvassed the situation, and now has 100 applications for locations on the tract.

Canada Buys Less From United States

Canadian purchases in the U.S. again show a decline. In the 12 months ending May imports from the United States were $511,000,000, a drop of $72,000,000 as against the year ending May, 1924. Exports to the United States were $523,000,000, a decline of $5,800,000 from the year previous.

Canadian purchases in the United Kingdom were $152,000,000, practically the same figure as for the year before. Exports to the United Kingdom were $391,000,000, an increase of $9,000,000 over the previous year.

69,000 Harvest Hands Needed in West

That 69,000 men would be needed to harvest this season's crop was the estimate made at a conference held at Winnipeg between representatives of various governments and organizations concerned with agriculture in the West. Of this total 18,000 men will be supplied locally, 6,000 will come from British Columbia, and the remainder provided by Eastern Canada.

Manitoba it is expected will require 14,000 men, Saskatchewan 41,000, and Alberta 14,000.

August 13 was set for the first trainload of harvesters to reach Winnipeg from the East, the first contingent consisting of 2,000 men. Four days later a second batch of 4,000 will follow, to be succeeded by 8,000 on August 20.

Grain Cleaner To Be Placed on Market

The Ecocomy Grain Cleaner, the invention of D. W. Detwiller, of Rosalind, is undoubtedly destined to prove an enormous boon to the farmer. The question of dockage in grain has always been a sore point with agrarians. By this simple contrivance, however, noxious weeds are cleaned from the grain at the time of threshing. It is extremely moderate in price and economical to operate.

It is a well-known fact that millions of dollars a year are lost by the farmers of Western Canada through not being able to clean their grain. By using this machine they are able to keep their "dockage" for feed, in addition to saving freight on it, and in many cases the process it is said will raise the grain a grade. The machine is to be placed on the market shortly.

An Interesting Exhibit.

One of the most unique exhibits ever displayed in Canada, and one which has attracted attention from one end of the Dominion to the other, is the display of the miniature Holy Land, which has been on view in Edmonton for the past few weeks. This was made by the Ganci Bros., two Sicilians who have been working on the exhibit for over eleven years at their home in Edmonton.

The exhibit includes sixty million pieces and has 900 mosaic figures. Biblical scenes in amazing detail are reproduced in miniature. The exhibit is to be shown throughout Canada and the United States. It is valued at many thousands of dollars.

Delia Chautauqua Closes Week's Programme

The Delia chautauqua came to a close on Thursday last, good audiences being present both afternoon and evening. In his lecture, "The Second Coming of Jesus from Life," in the afternoon, Dr. Rivers made a special appeal to the fathers of the community. The doctor, who is a Canadian, was in charge of Lethbridge goal for some twelve years and gave actual instances of cases which had come under his notice while there. He referred to the fact that most of the offenders coming under the notice of the police were under 20 years of age, and laid the blame for that at the door of the parents, who by allowing children to have their own way in playing and getting located. In an effort to interest these settlers in the irrigated lands of the Lethbridge Northern irrigation district, James Pike, colonization manager of the district, has canvassed the situation, and now has 100 applications for locations on the tract.

Work Resumed at Drumheller

The A.B.C. mine at Drumheller started work on Monday morning with a crew of 35 men engaged, all members of the U.M.W.A. The Midland mine also started work, a number of men going down under the U.M.W.A. contract and more signed up for Tuesday.

Picketing was carried out by members of the new union but no trouble took place. The Rosedale mine was also being operated without any trouble, and the operation of these mines will, it is hoped, retain Drumheller's quota of the 26,000 tons of coal to be shipped to Ontario.

At the offices of the United Mine Workers of America it was confidently predicted that in face of these collieries having resumed work that the other mines in the valley would soon be at work again.

The mines that are working, it was stated, are doing so to full capacity in filling their proportion of the trial shipment of coal for Ontario.

Hand Hills Constituency W.I. Meeting

The executive of the Hand Hills Constituency met at Drumheller on Friday to arrange for the constituency conference to be held at Delia early in October. This conference promises to be a very interesting one. The exhibits and contests proposed cannot fail to be helpful and entertaining. It is proposed to have a Canadian artists' exhibit, also four contests;—1. The best School Lunch; prizes, first $3.00, second $2.00, donated by Delia W.I.; 2. The best Farmstead Plan; first $3.00, second $2.00, donated by Scotfield Hill W.I.; 3 The best Year's Programme; first $5.00, donated by Majestic Farrell Lake W.I.; 4. The best Dress Hat, prize donated by the constituency. It is also hoped to obtain good outside speakers for the occasion.

Delia Agricultural Society.

At a meeting of the directors of the Delia Agricultural Society held in the Town hall on Saturday night, the appointment of judges was provisionally made as follows;—Poultry, Major Strange, of Rumsey; vegetables, grains and grasses, A. Dawson and W. H. Blaney; fancy work, Mrs. J. G. Reid and another from Munson; domestic, A. Holm, Delia, and H. Barnes, Munson; dairy produce, E. A. Thompson, Mrs. H. Skippen, and W. J. Bares; boys and girls' work, Mrs. Cecil Peel, Mrs. R. Farwell, and Mrs. Q. E. Beck. The judges for the horse classes are appointed by the Provincial Department of Agriculture. It was decided that a refreshment booth be erected on the occasion of the annual fair and sports, and that it be left in the hands of the lady directors. The president, Hy. Moore, presided, and there was a good attendance.

Antelope Thriving in Alberta

Antelope, which were threatened with extinction in Canada a few years ago, have been successfully preserved in Buffalo National Park. When this preserve was established in 1915 there was only 45 in the herd. On last surveys it is estimated that they have roamed the prairies. There are now 325 animals in the herd, a gain of 280. How well they breed in captivity is shown by the fact that there was an increase of 59 in 1924 alone.

Antelope were once prized trophies and suffered such ravages in numbers that extinction of the species was in sight. A herd finally was discovered in Southern Alberta, and the tract of 5,000 acres, on which the animals were feeding, was surrounded by a wire fence and all the work was done without disturbing the herd.

Freight Rates.

A. Chard, provincial government freight supervisor is now engaged in conferring with Boards of Trade throughout the province for the purpose of collecting data on the question of freight rates for submission to the Railway Commission when it begins the investigation of freight rate equalization.

Southern Alberta's wool clip this season will reach one million pounds, with a total value of $350,000, it is estimated.

Plymouth Binder Twine

in 5 or 8-lb. Balls

It is scientifically treated against destruction by insects

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BINDERS

There are more McCormick Binders in use than all other makes of binders combined. There is a reason. If you have operated a McCormick you know that reason. If you have not operated a McCormick, ask your neighbour; he can tell you.

TWINE

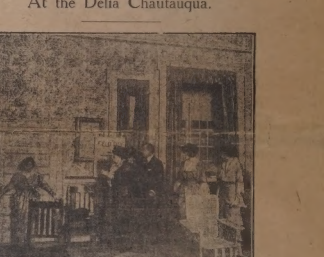
McCormick Twine is the old reliable Twine famous for its uniformity in thickness and great strength.

McCormick Twine is guaranteed by the I. H. C. for length, weight and strength. The eight-pound balls have a patented special tensued cover, and are guaranteed not to tangle.

When you buy your Twine buy facts instead of hopes.

WM. GIBSON, - DELIA

At the Delia Chautauqua.



The Play, "Daddy Long Legs", which will bring the characters of Jean Webster's famous book to life at Chautauqua.

HERE AND THERE.

The Royal Dutch Shell Co., one of the biggest oil corporations in the world, has decided to investigate the oil development possibilities of Alberta with a view to entering the field if there are satisfactory

Plans are now complete for the summer school to be held at Sylvan Lake, August 4 to 13, under the auspices of the Religious Education Council of Alberta.

The first shipment of salt from the new salt wells of the Alberta Salt Co., below Fort McMurray on the Athabasca River, was made last week. The plant is producing about 25 tons of salt per day.

During the month of June a total of 111 homesteads were taken up at the Federal land office at Edmonton. This is the highest number since July, 1923.

Selection of a new leader of the Conservative party in Alberta will take place at a convention to be held in Edmonton on Wednesday, August 5.

Wm. J. Bryan, U.S. politician, died on Sunday.

FLIES!

THIS IS FLY SEASON, and they are getting bad; in fact **vicious.**

We have in stock the following destroyers:

FLITT, two sizes	50c and 75c
FLYOSAN, two sizes	50c and 75c
FLYTOX, two sizes	50c and 75c
KEATING'S INSECT POWDER	25c
DRAGON FLY POWDER	15c
SAPHO FLY POWDER	15c
FLY POWDER, in bulk	15c an ounce
FLY SWATTERS, made of Rubber	25c

Get your destroyers from your Druggist

We sell the "Calgary Daily Herald."

We take orders for plants and cut flowers.

The Kennedy Drug Co.

DELIA, - ALBERTA

The Haunting Spirit of the West.

It may be just the color of the sunset's way out there,
Or it may be that extra tang of freshness in the air,
Or the mossy of the purple shadows on the prairie hills,
Or the thought of grippy prairie winds, or cool, jade colored rills;
Or the picture of the new ripe sun-capped peak against a sapphire sky,
Or the scent of roses late in June or early in July,
It's hard to tell just what it is that never lets you rest.
When you're away, until you're packed and started back out West.

Perhaps it's thinking how the country looks now summer's come,
Or perhaps the long, cool, modern ease reminds you of the hum
Of the Western once that you just know are circling in the sun
Or a-burying their noses in the clover pink and sweet.
Or the shining, mauve tipped fox tails, or the goldenrod in fall;
Or perhaps the thing that keeps on calling—never lets you rest—
Is just the pleading, boundless, ageless spirit of the West.

ENID GRIFFITHS.

The Ellison Milling Co. is planning a million bushel elevator at Lethbridge, where it has a milling plant.

Cleans Like China

When you use SMP Enameled Ware Utensils, you never need to scrape, scour and scrub the way some wares demand. Hot water, soap, a cloth — that's all you need to clean them. It washes like china, has the cleanliness and surface of china, but wears like steel. Don't be the slave of your cooking ware; equip with clean, pure sanitary, lasting

SMP Enameled WARE

A Shortsighted Policy

The shortsightedness of some people is proverbial, but it is truly amazing to find a whole organization of men numbering tens, if not hundreds, of thousands so afflicted. Yet the coal miners of the United States, Canada and Great Britain seem to be not merely temporarily but permanently incapable of seeing that they are surely destroying their own means of livelihood.

Thousands of miners are on strike in Nova Scotia, and now there is talk of another great strike on the part of the anthracite miners in the United States and rumbles of another strike in the British mines. In no other industry has there been such continuous unrest and repeated strikes as among the coal miners. With what result? The miners themselves would be the last to say that their condition has been improved, while the concensus of opinion is that they are worse off than ever did their future prospects far from bright.

The fact is, and other people realize it if the miners themselves do not, that a very large change is taking place in the methods of production and transportation to the detriment of the coal mining industry, and the uncertainty, difficulties and losses created by these frequent and prolonged miners' strikes are only serving to accentuate the situation confronting the coal mining industry and hastening the day when the miners will find themselves in a much more serious predicament than now against which they are making such bitter protests.

The cost of mining and transporting coal, due largely to the high rates of wages paid the miners and increased freight charges resulting from the increase in wages, paid railway operatives during the war, and which have not been much reduced, together with the rapid development of electrical power in all bursting machinery and the development of hydro-electric power plants, has resulted in a most serious industrial revolution.

One of the greatest developments taking place in the three English speaking countries, and one calling for the investment of hundreds of millions of new capital annually, is in connection with water powers and the erection of huge hydro-electric stations primarily for the purpose of generating power. Manufacturing plants, finding the cost of coal mounting and their supplies periodically interrupted through miners' strikes, are, in ever increasing numbers, obtaining power from steam to electricity as rapidly as possible.

All over the continent, with cheap electric power, coupled with its convenience and absence of dirt, housewives are discarding the old kitchen ranges and installing electric ranges and electric heaters in their homes.

Another and equally important change is being brought about through the conversion of coal-burning ocean and lake going vessels into oil-burners, while many of the new vessels building are being equipped to burn oil rather than coal. The internal combustion engine using gasoline is displacing the many small coal-burning steam plants everywhere.

In the face of reduce costs and the ever increasing competition of motor cars and trucks, the steam railways are electrifying sections of their systems and extending the same from year to year, while radial railways using electric power are spreading all over the land.

These are significant happenings, but especially so to the coal operatives and miners. Yet the latter are apparently blind to the situation while threatening, and, indeed, are on strike, in order to force increased wages, which, if granted, would but intend effort to reduce the cost of coal to consumers, and guarantee a steady and assured supply at all times, they continue to make demands which the economic situation makes it impossible to grant, and which are bound to add to increasing present difficulties, jeopardizing the industry in which they are engaged, and speeding up the movement to substitute oil, oil products and electric power, a movement the motive power in manufacturing industry, transportation and in home economies.

The miners are shortsightedly adopting the attitude of killing the goose that lays the golden eggs for them, and are committing industrial suicide by part time. There are more miners than there is employment for them, and in view of the impetus already given to the movement to substitute other and cheaper forms of fuel for a long-continued shortage or supply of coal, the number of unemployed miners seems bound to increase. Strikes to enforce wage increases, and impose Union rules, "Check-off" systems, and other awkward demands will only serve to further accentuate the miners' troubles, and cannot bring any permanent redress of grievances, imaginary or real.

Defence of Empire

Closer Relations With Dominions Upon Naval Policies Are Favored

During a debate in the British House of Commons on the naval estimates, Major L. Hore Belisha, Liberal, expressed that there should be a more intimate relationship between the Mother Country and the Dominions when the naval problems were settled.

The Dominions are not bearing their full share of responsibility in the defence of the Empire, he said, not because they are unwilling to do so, because the problem probably has never been approached by them from a truly imperial point of view.

Major Bolsha's remarks subsequently were endorsed by other speakers, including Mr. Lloyd George. The latter declared that if it were a question of the defence of the empire, the whole republic might share the burdens thereof.

Earache, Toothache Now Quickly Subdued

These are the sort of ills that call for a powerful and certain remedy. When your lunch is hanging, when you want ease and comfort in a hurry, you always get that quick relief from Aspirin. Why be tortured? Many who have proved the unfailing merit of "Bayer-Aspirin" "King over Pain," Certainly so fatally can afford to be without a few of this dependable medicine. Neuritis is a protection against a hundred minor ills, such as cramps, gas on the stomach, neuralgia, toothache, colds, etc. Get a 25c bottle from your dealer to-day.

Protecting Eyes Of Industrial Workers

Gold-screen Glasses Great Boon to Furnace Men

"Gold-screen glasses" are the newest contribution of science to the health of industrial workers.

Men forced to work before hot furnaces frequently develop cataracts as a result of the effects of the heat from the furnace. The intense light and also the pr ence of ultra-violet rays in the light also play a part in the with the case.

The gold-screen glasses are yellow glasses with a thin deposit of gold leaf upon them. The gold leaf reflects the heat waves and keeps the eyes comfortable, while it does not cool. The glass keeps out the ultra-violet rays.

CHOLERA INFANTUM

Cholera infantum is one of the fatal ailments of childhood. It is a trouble that comes on suddenly, especially during the summer months and unless prompt action is taken the little one may be beyond help before the doctor comes. Tablets are splendid medicine in cholera infantum and troubles. They regulate the bowels and sweeten the stomach and thus prevent the dreaded summer complaint. They are an absolute safe medicine, being guaranteed by the manufacturer to contain no narcotics or other harmful drugs. They cannot possibly do harm—they always do good. The Tablets are sold by dealers everywhere at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Strange Smoking Competition

Entrants For Annual Paris Event Must Weigh Over 250 Pounds

A London dispatch says that the strange smoking competition organized annually in Paris by a club known as the Cent Kilos, whose members are all men of exceptional corpulence and must weigh over 100 kilos (over 250 pounds).

The competition was held to decide who could make one gramme of tobacco last the longest. (A gramme is 1.23th part of an ounce). Each competitor therefore had to put in his pipe as much tobacco as would be received by each of 26 persons sharing an ounce a none them.

The winner made this tiny quantity of tobacco last no less a time than 51 minutes 20 seconds, without, of course, the pipe going out.

Record Seal Catch

The arrival at Victoria, B.C., of four hundred fur seal pups, the remainder of the last of the Vancouver Island west coast catch, brings the total for the season up to 4,000. This is the greatest catch in the last twenty years.

Silk in Sacramento

The Sacramento Valley, because of its uniformly mild climate, is believed to be best for the growing of silk worms and a large silk worm farm has been started near Oroville, Cal.

Fresh Youthful Skin Maintained By Cuticura

Daily use of Cuticura Soap, with touches of Cuticura Ointment when required, will do much to prevent pore-clogging, blackheads, pimples, roughness and other unwholesome conditions of the skin.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. X, Malden, Mass. Sold throughout the world. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Cuticura Shaving Stick 25c.

Canada Needs More Publicity

Continental Firms Complain That They Cannot Get Grain Direct From Canada

Publicity is Canada's greatest need in Europe at the present time, was the statement made by M. P. Pennell, director of trade and transportation for the Labor of Montreal, who has arrived home after sixteen months in the United Kingdom and on the Continent. He was his endeavor to try to divert a portion of from the trade of Europe through the St. Lawrence route and to impress on everyone the necessity of trade within the empire.

While conversing with a number of grain importers he constantly heard the complaint that they could not buy grain direct from Canada with the Canadian name on them, and that all grain practically had to be purchased through New York or Liverpool. Cables be sent to cables and no offers are made to Europe. Canada, being the chief granary of the world, should market her own grain, asserted Mr. Pennell, either through Winnipeg or Montreal, and it was not be necessary for buyers in England to go to the United States for their orders.

Deliver Gold Bars Disguised As Bacon

Shipment From Petrograd to London Valued at $10,000,000

The first folio value of $10,000,000 has arrived in London from Petrograd, and it was dispatched by the Goss Bank, the state bank of Russia, to the London branch.

The entire delivery has been deposited in the Bank of England and placed in the vault of Arcos, Limited, the Soviet trading organization in Britain.

Extreme precautions to preserve secrecy were taken when 119 cases containing 1,000 bars, of the value of $5,372,000 were unshipped at London Bridge from the Soviet Government steamer Kooperatsia. Soon after crew of the vessel was kept below while the cases were being raised from the hold and placed on lighters. Precautions officers, two private detectives, and two representatives of Arcos—were detailed to the wharf.

Several cases were opened by customs officers, and it is understood that the bars were found to bear American Government marks.

The 119 boxes containing the gold were placed in a van, escorted by a convoy of motor lorries, each with armed attendants. Before the journey began, the gold was packed in cases labeled "Bacon."

Asks Suggestion For Distributing Millions

Aged Philanthropist Anxious to Give Help Where Most Needed

Leopold Seboph, 85-year-old philanthropist, asked the public for suggestions as to the way in which he could distribute his millions.

He recently established a foundation with a $2,000,000 fund to assist deserving young boys. In addition he has distributed some $2,500,000 to various charities, and now he wants to accelerate the distribution of other millions, but desires to canvass the matter widely before he passes through with a view to determining the way which will afford the quickest and most relief to those who need and merit help.

As illustrating the type of suggestion he desires, one which he has considered some general scheme of assisting young women, now employed in only one form or other or call girls to become governesses.

Crime Due to Idleness

Judge Carswell of the Circuit Court of Oregon, told the Pacific Coast police chiefs' convention at Victoria, that 95 per cent. of crime was due to idleness. He condemned the penitentiary system of the United States and said that it was a costly failure in curing the felon. He favored the death sentence as a way of ridding society of persons who were of no value to it, nor to themselves, instead of dragging out life in prison.

A Splendid Party

A lady who had given a dinner party met her doctor in the street the following day, and stopped to speak to him.

"I am so sorry, doctor," she said, "that you were not able to come to my dinner party last night; it would have done you good to be there."

"Had you a pleasant party?" he replied tersely. "I have just prescribed for three of the guests.—The Tatler, London.

British Declines Proposal

Under the caption, "A Stranger Request," the London Daily Telegraph says Great Britain has declined a proposal from the United States to appoint a customs official in Canada whose duties will be to investigate prices asked of American buyers by British exporters including the right to inspect the books of the British firms concerned.

Won Wager By New Stunt

Arthur Riley, 27, recently pushed a truck on which a man rode a distance of 52 miles in 12 hours and 22 minutes. The total weight of the truck was 490 pounds. He did the stunt to win a wager.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

AUGUST 7

THE EPISTLE OF JAMES

Golden Text: Be ye doers of the word, and not hearers only. James 1.22.

Lesson: The Book of James.

Devotional Reading: James 2.12-18.

The Text Explained and Illumined

Put away anger, verses 19, 20.—The author of this Epistle believes that members of the Christian society should be "living epistles," examples of the Christian life. "Let every man be swift to hear, slow to speak, slow to wrath," he counsels.

"Three things are here required; keenness in listening, deliberation in speaking, control of feeling. It is to be very alert in the first, but the second and third are to be held firmly in leash. It is the way of the Master, and it will be found the way of life. O Lord my God, give me the listening ear. Let me utter nothing of all thy counsels. Give me a wise control of speech; let not my words be the servant of my wrath."—Dr. H. H. Jowett.

For human anger does not promote righteousness, continues James. James is said to have been known as James the Righteous, an appropriate designation, for he was a doer of the word. He creates upon righteousness.

"Man's wrath is hostility, if ever justifiable; even 'just indignation' is too often intermixed with other elements; and it rarely, if ever, produces on which it is founded are at fault. Man, unlike God, never knows all the circumstances of the case" (W. L. Watkinson).

"The worst thing we can bring to a religious service is a hostile temper, however it may pretend to be raised by the love of virtue. Is just and right, is not to be trusted. Wrath is a human thing, and the wrath of man is not to be trusted in the righteousness of God. Those who pretend to serve God by wrath of the precinct, and they are acquainted neither with God nor his cause" (Matthew Henry).

A Huge Undertaking

Great Underground Rail System Is Planned For London

The Daily Graphic says United States capitalists have just completed preliminary plans for giving London the biggest underground railway system in the history of construction, involving an outlay of $25,000,000.

A network of freight railways below the level of the present London tube railway system is planned, the sides being to speed up surface traffic by transferring freight handling from the streets to the new railway system. The scheme has been described by an English engineer.

In the event of such a system being constructed, goods would be transferred from the railway depots to the subway by great elevators, and the tracks would connect with the docks and railway terminals, as well as the great markets.

The plan needs the sanction of parliament.

Will Not Establish Base At Esquimalt

British Government Denies Rumor of Naval Base on Pacific

The British government has made no proposal looking to the establishment of a naval base at Esquimalt, B.C., it was stated officially at the department of national defence when asked concerning reports that such a proposal had been made. It was stated that the policy was ruled from time to time in England that there should be a British naval base on the Pacific coast, but that nothing had been done. The Canadian Government now operates a naval dockyard at Esquimalt.

A pleasant medicine for children is Dr. Chase's Syrup of Figs, Liver Regulator, and it is excellent for driving worms from the system.

A Good Reason

Rose came down with stairs looking particularly ravishing in a lavender bathtie dress and lavender hat, and the girl who sat across the table opened fire.

"All dressed up in lavender." Walt Whitman's face was as long as that.

"Yes, just walt," was the lightly tossed-off answer. "And he likes lavender."

"No that's the reason you wear it?"

"Oh, no!" replied Rose sweetly. "That's the reason he likes it!"—New York Sun.

New Liverpool-London Highway

A 225-mile highway will be built in England between London and Liverpool at a cost of $325,000 a mile. The highway is designed so that it will pass through no towns. It will be double, with a roadway for slow traffic and one for fast travel, with no speed limit on the section for fast traffic. A toll equivalent to a cent the ton will be charged.

Tourist Trade Increases

Canada's third largest industry, its tourist traffic showed an increase of 60,000 in the national parks of Canada for 1924, according to the report of the superintendent. Banff and Lake Louise showed a combined advance of 15,000 visitors. At Banff, 1,095 permits were issued to camping parties.

Money Production

Money production in Canada during 1924 is estimated by the bureau of value of $2,552,000, a considerable increase over the previous year's figures. Ontario led all other provinces with an approximate output of from 9,000,000 to 10,000,000 lbs.

A newly developed kilt dries lumber and at the same time recovers the turpentine from it.

COME ON BOYS—The Period of Youth is Short. Complete Your Education at the

ONTARIO AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE

Opening 52nd Year September 18th

Farming is the big business of Canada. Learn to be a successful up-to-date farmer by taking the two-year O.A.C. Associate course. Fine farms, splendid livestock, ample buildings and efficient staff. Degree courses for specialists in Animal Husbandry, Poultry Husbandry, Dairy Husbandry, Horticulture, Chemistry, Bacteriology and Biology. Students with matriculation standing may take B.S.A. degree work. Short courses for matriculation in five years. Tuition free, Ontario students, $20; other provinces $50 per calendar year. Ample board and room $6.50 per week.

Write for College calendar.

J. B. REYNOLDS, M.A., President — A. M. PORTER, B.S.A., Registrar

ONTARIO AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE

GUELPH, ONTARIO

Prince George Will Stay

Takes His Chance in China Like Other Junior Officers

Those who have been expecting the recall of Prince George from China will be sadly ignorant of the traditions of our royal house. If the British naval forces are employed, the Prince will be with them, and will take the rough and tumble of it like any other junior officer. The King is the fount of honour in the senior service, but I should imagine that the recall of his son would be his last thought, and it would be the very last wish of the Prince himself. In our royal family, at all events, things like that are just "not done."—Glasgow Herald.

Miller's Worm Powders seldom fail

They immediately attack the worms and expel them from the system. They are complete in themselves, but may as a worm destroyer, but as a highly beneficial medicine for children, correcting weak digestion and restoring the natural healthy tone of the digestive, without which the growth of the child is retarded and its constitution weakened.

How Should I Wean My Baby?

This is a serious problem to many mothers. Weaning should not be rushed or done gradually, beginning about the seventh month, giving one or two bottles of modified milk a day, increasing the number of bottle feedings gradually, until weaning is accomplished by the end of the ninth month. Milk is so like mother's milk in taste and ease of digestion that it can be given unobjectionably with breast milk without causing abrupt weaning.

In this paper from time to time you will find an advertisement of Borden's Eagle Brand Milk, a food that has raised more healthy babies than all the prepared infant foods combined. Write out the advertisement and send it to The Borden Company Limited, Montreal, and they will send you, free of charge, instructions for feeding baby, and a Baby Welfare and a Baby Record Book. Or, just write the Borden Company mentioning this paper, and they will be sent.

Corns cause much suffering, but Holloway's Corn Remover offers a speedy, sure and satisfactory relief.

Luckner To Lecture

Commander of Famous German Sea Raider Would Raise Germany's World Standard

Count Pelth Von Luckner, who commanded the German raider Sendler, during the latter part of the World War, has formed an official "Luckner Alliance." The programme, announced, calls for the promulgation of the Luckner policy throughout Germany, the raising of Germany's world standing and the training of the country's youth in international and political thinking and reasoning.

Count Luckner announced that he has received invitations to lecture from 70 cities in the United States, New Zealand and Australia.

Relieves Asthma at Once.

If you could read the thousands of unsolicited letters received by the makers from grateful users you, too, would realize the remarkable power of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. All cases, bronchial and chronic, are benefited by this great family remedy. Don't suffer or experiment with worthless preparations when the guaranteed "Yardley" can be purchased everywhere.

Tribute to London Police

Maori Warrior Convinced That Traffic Policeman Was Chief

We frequently hear comment on the wonderful control of street traffic by the London police, though by no other tribute has been paid him than that paid by an untutored Maori during the late war. He and a white New Zealander were waiting near the Ritz for the King to go by. The nearest policeman held up his hand, and the waiting mass stopped. When his hand fell the traffic, including the King's motor car, went on again. "There is King George," said the New Zealander excitedly. "No, no," said the Maori. "Him King!" and he pointed to the Bobby. Hearing of this the chief he danced round the impassive policeman, who quietly, but firmly, led the Maori to the pavement again.

The Land of the Free

A story is told by the United States of a Frenchman, homeward bound from New York, watching the always exhilarating spectacle of the Liner "And what is that?" he asked, as the liner passed the figure of Liberty. They told him. "Ah, yes," he meditated, "in France also we raise statues to our illustrious dead!"

Minard's Liniment for Corns and Warts.

Urges Joint Dirigible Expedition To Arctic

Zeppelin Builder Asks U.S. to Join Germany in Trip

America has been asked to join Germany in a dirigible expedition to the north, pole, and Dr. Hugo Eckener, pilot in its trans-Atlantic delivery of the naval dirigible Los Angeles, says:

"I cannot imagine a greater guarantee of the success and safety of this scientific and world-interest exploration with airships than in your country and mine joining hands in the same spirit of enthusiasm as that which the Los Angeles' trans-Atlantic flight on the part of the two people on both sides of the ocean," Dr. Eckener said in an interview.

"If each country starts building an Arctic Zeppelin in the immediate future, we can start together next spring," the famous dirigible designer and pilot continued. "Leaving simultaneously and meeting at the Arctic, we can proceed with comrade-like, mutual assistance.

"I think the ultimate result will be the establishment of a regular air traffic from Spitsbergen via the north pole to Alaska and Seattle. It enables the summer tourists of both hemispheres, in some future year, spending their vacations in the polar regions between Alaska and the pole."

Germany Buys Canadian Wheat

German Consumption of Canadian Grains is Heavy Says Report

The value of the German and continental markets for Canada and the exportation of Canadian foodstuffs is being more than ever exemplified this season in the huge imports of grain and flour from the Dominion by the firm part of Hamburg. In addition to shipments of large quantities of grain shipped from Montreal since the opening of navigation, Hamburg has purchased 6,000,000 bushels of Canadian flour in the period between September and June, and is 1,000,000 sacks ahead of the total for last year.

Figures show that Montreal not only led all world ports in grain shipments, but also in flour exports. Although the threatened import tax on incoming food by Germany undoubtedly hastened shipments to that country, the fact is nevertheless apparent that German consumption of Canadian grain is on the increase. The aforementioned tax is to go into effect August 15.

Why He Did Not Bathe

I met a man who was just back from Egypt recently, and asked him if he had enjoyed the sea voyage. He fixed me with a glittering eye and said: "I did not bathe. Are you aware that the water in the sea has not been changed for fifty million years? And what sensible man wants to bathe in water that is a collection of drowned men?" I wilted, but have some idea that these remarks were not original.—London Sunday Pictorial.

Those Funny Welsh Names

A school teacher from Ystalnait, one from Kokonoo, and one from Speonk went on a Cook's tour and visited Wales.

"What funny names these Welsh towns have!" exclaimed all of them in unison.

Sea lions by the hundreds come to the safe refuge of the Anu Nuevo Islands, a government lighthouse reservation off the coast of California, where the animals are protected by state laws.

MURINE FOR YOUR EYES
Wholesome Cleansing Refreshing

Save Your Child's Tonsils

The Creamy pus cloth checks for a purpose—and that should not be removed.

If they are inflamed, red, swollen or diseased, try one dose, NOW, of Dr. Thuna's Adenoid Tablets and stay them absorb. Unnecessary surgical operations are avoided. Don't let your child's tonsils be removed.

Dr. Thuna's Tonsil and Adenoid Tablets

Trial Size 50c. Regular Size $1.00
Family Size $2.50
Sold by druggists. Sent—Collect on Delivery—Charges Prepaid on Mail Orders.
Call or Write Today for a Free Sample.
Dr. Thuna's Laboratories
404 Gibbs St. — Ogdensburg, N.Y. — Toronto, Ont.

OVER HALF A CENTURY'S REPUTATION
Dr. LE CLERC'S PILLS for Liver, Kidneys and Stomach
Dr. LE CLERC'S ANAEMIA for Anaemia and Debility
Dr. LE CLERC'S APERIENT PILLS for Constipation
Dr. LE CLERC'S COUGH SYRUP for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Influenza
Of Druggists, or 1/6 each from A. J. WHITE, Ltd., 65 Farringdon Road, London, E.C.1

Locate King Tut's Palace

Butter Production Increases

Considerable Increase Shown In Saskatchewan Production For May

Butter production in Saskatchewan during the month of May totalled 1,-541,316 lbs., as compared with 946,041 lbs. in the same month last year, according to a report of the provincial dairy commissioner. A cumulative production for the first five months of the current year is 3,833,956 lbs., as against 2,322,054 lbs., in the corresponding period of 1924, an increase of 561,952 lbs.

Earl Haig Is Color Blind

Earl Haig celebrated his sixty-fourth birthday on the day he sailed from Liverpool to Canada, to attend the conference of the British Empire Service League. It is not generally known that the great soldier is color blind. For that reason, it is alleged, he was refused entrance to the staff college and it was only after a great deal of common sense by Sir Redvers Buller and Major-General M'Cammond that he was at last admitted.

Social Service

The call to social service is a call to self-sacrifice, and, if anything is to save this country from the disasters of the most terrible upheaval in history, today with the greatest fervency, we commit it. It is the generous service of those who reject the subtle temptation to devote themselves to a slubborn guardianship of their own special privileges.—London Daily Telegraph.

Agrees on Evacuation

The British Government has agreed with the French and British for the early evacuation of Duesseldorf, Ruhrort and Duisburg, simultaneously with the evacuation of other places in the Ruhr.

An enamel for coating cast iron ship propellers and making them as smooth as bronze has been invented in Furope.

MOSQUITO BITES!
Let Minard's take the itch out of 'em. Excellent for all stings and insect bites.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

Minard's Liniment for Aches and Pains

B. C. Wants Low Rate To Apply On Westbound Grain Shipments

Victoria, B.C.—That parliament actually has ordered, by statute, that British Columbia's grain movement be given the low Crow's Nest rates, will be the argument advanced by this province when the railway board commences its nation-wide freight rates revision. This is the policy decided on by Premier Oliver and G. G. McGeer, government counsel at their recent conference, it was made known officially.

British Columbia's claim will be that in ordering equalization of freight rates, parliament provided for the same rates on westbound grain as on eastbound grain. As the eastbound grain rates were specifically fixed at the level of the Crow's Nest agreement, the westbound rates must be put on a similar basis, British Columbia will argue.

Ask Change In Regulations

Armenians Want Entry into Canada Made Easier

Ottawa.—Deputations of Armenians and Syrians who waited on W. J. Egan, deputy minister of immigration and colonization, requesting certain changes in the passport and visa regulations of their countrymen into Canada, were told that the department could not carry into effect the laws as they stood on the statute books. They requested that there be a queue of their countrymen admitted to Canada annually and that the class entering be not required to have $250 in their possession.

The Syrian delegation felt that the Canadian immigration laws, placing them under the classification of Asiatics because they came from Asia Minor, was a discrimination and tended to create an impression that they were of a yellow race.

It was stated by immigration officials that the Asia Minor grouping was purely geographical.

Might Succeed Baron Byng

Earl Haig Would Not Be Averse to Governorship in Canada

Toronto.—Field Marshal Earl Haig, though he did not say so in words, gave the impression that he was not averse to returning to Canada as governor general if the opportunity presented itself, when he was questioned about the rumor on the train from Sarnia to London. The Star says.

Lord Haig said it was one of his duties, he would rather not talk about.

"I hate said I am too old and have too much to do in the Old Country. I have spent my life in the service of the empire in different parts of the world and have had very little time at home."

Plane Carries Treaty Money

Ottawa.—Over 4,000 Indians of James Bay district received their treaty money with unusual promptness this year. The trip to distribute the treaty money usually takes over two months. This year the work was accomplished in three weeks by means of a seaplane of the Ontario Provincial Air Service.

Advertising Canada

London.—From one Canadian paper alone, the Wembley branch of the Bureau of literature with regard to Canada were distributed in one day, when 10,000 copies of the school's book were the guests of the corporation of London at the British Empire Exhibition, and pounds of some of them was thrown away by the youthful visitors.

Ship Paper to New Zealand

Port Arthur, Ont.—The Port Arthur branch of the Provincial Paper Mills, Limited, shipped a carload of book paper to Christchurch, New Zealand. Further shipments will be made from time to time to the same destination. Orders for carloads of this high quality product are now on hand.

But or Cargo For Britain

Vancouver, B.C.—Six thousand boxes of Alberta butter, aggregating 113 cars, the largest shipment to leave Vancouver at one time, is being loaded on the Canadian Government Merchants steamer Canadian Importer for Great Britain.

Railway Rates Reasonable

Washington.—The present railroad rates so coal moving from eastern producing districts to Great Lakes ports were held reasonable by the Interstate Commerce Commission, which dismissed complaints by coal operators in Pennsylvania and Ohio.

Missionaries Attacked

Washington.—The lives of three American missionaries, representatives of the central American mission at Granada, Nicaragua, have been threatened, their residence has been stoned, and the mission bombed.

Nears Arctic Circle

Washington.—In a delayed dispatch received today the steamer Bowdoin, of the MacMillan expedition reported that at 7 p.m., July 22, she was off Blatchley, within no large number of the Arctic Circle.

Many Guests Attend Royal Garden Party

Grounds At Buckingham Palace Thronged With Notables

London.—One of the most successful and colorful royal garden parties ever given at the palace was held in the beautiful grounds of Buckingham Palace, July 21, with King George and Queen Mary as hosts to seven thousand of their subjects and distinguished guests from foreign countries.

Their Majesties greeted as many guests as possible as they moved about in separate directions through the crowds of well-groomed men and fashionably dressed women.

King George wore a grey morning suit and a grey top hat. He had a white flower in his buttonhole. Queen Mary was charmingly dressed in pale heliotrope trimmed with pearl ornaments and carried a heliotrope parasol.

Change In Pensions Measure Resisted

Proposed Amendment to Bill Discussed in British House

London.—In spite of appeals from several quarters of the House of Commons, the government successfully resisted a proposed amendment to the Widows and Orphans and Old Age Pensions Act, which would have pensions should be paid to those entitled to pensions who are going to reside in other parts of the empire.

On behalf of the government, it was stated that administrative difficulties would arise if special treatment, although steps were being taken to make a reciprocal arrangement with any dominion. The amendment's scheme whereby a man's pension rights could be transferred into a dominion pension working in conjunction with the British scheme.

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Alberta Oil Strike

Foremost Field Is Coming Into Prominence Through Recent Developments

Calgary.—Oil in considerable quantity was struck in the number five gas well in the Foremost field of the Canadian Western Natural Gas and Power Company, early last June, it has just became known here, says a special dispatch to the Herald. The oil strike was kept a dead secret and in the interim officials and employees of the company have filed on thousands of acres surrounding the Foremost structure.

The oil was struck at a depth of 2,662 feet. It rose about one hundred feet in the hole, covering the sixty-foot string of tools and about forty feet additional of the casing.

Acting under company orders the drillers, it is given to secrecy, drilled on through the gushing sand, cased it off, baled out the oil and then drilled on down to the gas sand at 2,650 feet.

Alberta Will Take Part

Will Participate in Conference on Question of Succession Duties

Edmonton.—The Alberta Government will take part in a conference which it is proposed to hold in the near future on the question of succession duties. Attorney-General Brownlee has replied to a suggestion made by Premier Bracken of Manitoba, that a conference be called dealing such a conference, to the effect that Alberta will be ready and willing to participate at such time and place as may be arranged.

No Cattle Shipments By St. Lawrence Route

Not Sufficient Money in Business Say Montreal Commission Companies

Montreal.—Local shipping companies have announced they will not place any cattle shipped a carload of beef, space to Christchurch, New Zealand. Further shipments will be made from time to time to the same destination. Orders for carloads of this high quality product are now on hand.

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Bank Merger Accomplished

No Dissenting Vote Received From Union Bank Shareholders

Winnipeg.—The transfer of the business and assets of the Union Bank of Canada to the Royal Bank of Canada became an accomplished fact when the formal consent of the shareholders of the Union Bank was given to the transfer at a special meeting held in the head office here.

The vote revealed a complete concurrence in the step taken by the directors. Of the 42,000 shares were cast, personally or by proxy, out of a total of 50,000 eligible, and all were in favor of the resolution, without one dissenting vote.

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Rounding Up Wild Horses

Calgary.—Hundreds of horses, nine-tenths of which have never had a bit in their mouths or a saddle on their backs, are being rounded up by the Indians of the Nation, in preparation for the big Indian stampede that the braves are going to stage at the Sarcee Reservation, August 9.

Gets Unique Permit

Topeka, Kan.—A. F. Wilson, U. S. district attorney, didn't like it when a grand ordered him not to sit on the state capitol steps one night. He protested to the government and received permission to sit on the steps until 11 o'clock every night if he desires.

COAL STRIKES THREATENED IN BRITAIN AND U.S.

London.—A possibility of a great coal strike was increased when miners refused to confer with owners unless the latter first withdraw their proposals for wage decreases.

The attitude of the workers was expressed when the Miners' Federation announced this morning its refusal to the conference proposed by the owners. Previously hopes had been entertained that the two interests might get together around a conference table and avert the threatened strike.

Evan Williams, chairman of the Coal Owners' Association, wrote A. J. Cook, secretary of the Miners' Federation, suggesting a conference. The recent action refuses that suggestion.

The existing working agreements between mine owners and miners in Great Britain expires July 31. The owners have announced the conditions upon which they renew the agreement. The miners say their conditions involve lower wages or longer hours and the Miners' Federation has advised its men to refuse to work under the proposed terms.

Atlantic City, N.J.—A nation-wide coal strike unless the operators intervenes to prevent abrogation of wage contracts in northern West Virginia is threatened today by John L. Lewis, chief representative of the United Mine Workers in that district.

Evolution On Trial

Another Court Action In U. S. Has Commenced

Washington.—Legislation which may throw the whole evolution question into the federal courts for judicial determination is the basis for the teaching of this scientific theory inculcates disrespect for the Holy Bible was begun here by Loren H. Willteer, a graduate of Yale.

The vehicle employed is a rider to the 1925 District of Columbia Appropriation bill, which provides that no part of this sum (for the public schools) shall be available for the salary of any superintendent of schools, nor for the teaching of, or any teacher who teaches, disrespect for the Holy Bible."

Annual Dinner Called Off

Rhodes Trustees Will Not Entertain Scholars This Year

Oxford, Eng.—The annual dinner given by the Rhodes trustees to the Rhodes scholars will be omitted this year because of the death recently of Lord Milner. It is thought the custom of the annual dinner will not be revived until the new building, which is to be the Oxford headquarters of the Rhodes trust, is completed.

Past dinners have been notable for the eminence of the speakers. Each speaker has been taken from the prime minister, making them occasions for pronouncements of their views on Anglo-American and Empire questions.

Report Traces Of Rust

University of Saskatchewan Professor Does Not Expect Much Damage

Saskatoon.—Traces of rust appearing on oats have been observed in this district, according to the statement of Prof. Manley Champlin, head of the department of field husbandry at the University of Saskatchewan. What rust that has been seen was on the Banner oats, which are the most resistants of the wheat as yet, he said.

With favorable weather, it is not likely that there will be any serious rust of the early crops, the professor stated.

Elected By Acclamation

Regina.—Deakin Alexander Hall, of Prince Albert and late la Ronge, was accorded an acclamation by the electors of the Cumberland constituency at Prince Albert when his was the only name placed in nomination. The return of Mr. Hall assures the government of 51 supporters against a combined opposition of 11, with the la Cross still to vote.

Refuses To Accept Diamond Ring

Kimberley, Union of South Africa.—The Prince of Wales refused to accept a diamond of 65 carats which was offered to him as a souvenir when he visited the mines. The Beer diamond works. He examined the great gem with keen interest, but smilingly shook his head when it was presented to him. He did accept, however, a stone of 12 carats.

POWERS HOPE TO SOLVE PROBLEM OF CHINA SOON

Washington. — Substantial accord has been reached by the powers of a character to deal with the whole Chinese problem.

Formal acquiescence in some sixteen points of the programme still is lacking, but the Peking diplomats are expected to be in a position to submit the formula to the provisional government of China at an early date.

The settlement to be proposed will include the Washington conference plan for revision of Chinese customs duties and creation of a commission of inquiry into extra-territorial questions, and also the British proposal for a new judicial inquiry into the responsibility for loss of lives in the recent Shanghai firing.

The plan for dealing with the Shanghai incident is expected to be participation by the powers in the Peking Government in the inquiry and agreement by that government to be bound by the findings of the investigation.

Held Day At Ellis Island

Englishman With Proper Passports Resents Humiliating Treatment

New York.—In protest against the treatment he received at Ellis Island, where he and his wife were held an entire day, although they came here on the Cunarder Aquitania, on legitimate business man, said he will leave the United States.

The visitor, he had bought student class tickets on the the Leviathan with the definite understanding he would not be held at Ellis Island. He and eight other non-American tourists travelling in student class, all with passports were taken off the ship and, he said, sent to Ellis Island and subjected to medical examinations which he termed "humiliating in the most extreme sense."

Mr. Adams said he intended to take the matter up with the British consul, and also with the United States Senate.

May Fill Vacancies In Senate

Two Out of Nine Seats Are For Alberta

Toronto.—A dispatch to The Toronto Mail and Empire under an Ottawa date-line declares that before the prospective Dominion general election, the government will fill the present vacancies in the senate. There are nine seats now vacant, two in the Prince Edward Island quota, one in Nova Scotia, two in Quebec, two in Ontario and two in Alberta. The Mail and Empire dispatch mentions Hon. Philippe Roy as a nominee for Quebec; Hon. H. H. Miller, M.P., for Canada, and Hon. Frank Oliver, as possible appointees to the Alberta vacancies.

Wage War On Grasshoppers

Victoria, B.C.—Vast armies of grasshoppers are devastating thousands of square miles in central British Columbia, the department of agriculture is informed. As an order-in-council, the government has voted $15,000 for poison, which will be distributed to the farmers for use in the affected areas.

Slayers' Appeal Refused

Cairo, Egypt.—The court has refused the appeal of eight men who in June were sentenced to death for the assassination last November of Sir Lee Stack, British commander-in-chief of the Egyptian army

Argentine Plans For Reception Of Prince

Twelve Thousand Men Will Take Part In Military Parade

Buenos Aires.—Argentine is making preparations for receiving the Prince of Wales, notwithstanding that, according to present arrangements, he will not reach here for his south American visit until mid-August. He will come to Buenos Aires aboard the British cruiser Curlew, transferring to that vessel at Montevideo, Uruguay, from the battleship Repulse, aboard which he will come from South Africa. This change is necessary as the Repulse is unable to enter the port of Buenos Aires because of its heavy draft.

The Curlew has sailed from Pernambuco, Brazil, for Montevideo, to await the arrival of the Prince, due there on August 14.

The official programme in honor of the heir to the British throne will include a military parade in which 12,000 men of the Argentine army and navy will have a part, and a display of military maneuvers by land.

In order to familiarize himself with the city of Buenos Aires, the Prince's private chauffeur has already arrived.

Conquering Of Mount Logan

Messages of Congratulation Received For Magnificent Feat Of Expedition

Vancouver.—Messages of congratulation on the magnificent feat of the Canadian Alpine Club's expedition in conquering Mt. Logan, highest mountain in the U. A. Wheeler, at Banff, director of the Alpine Club of Canada. To this addresses are added by McCarthy, Lieut.-Col. W. W. Foster, and their companion; is regarded in the mountaineering circles of the world as one which called for dauntless courage and the most skilful organization. Mr. Wheeler was among those who received the message from Ottawa, relaying a message from Right Hon. L. S. Amery, secretary of state for dominion affairs, himself an enthusiastic mountaineer, who attended the Canadian Alpine Club's camp at Lake O'Hara in 1909.

SECURITY NOTE OF GERMANY IS NOW CONSIDERED

Paris.—The French Government has received considered notes from the German security note presented to the allies, and will get in touch as soon as possible with the British government interested to determine the policy to be followed in carrying out the plan of the London conference with the German Government for a security pact guaranteeing the western frontiers of Germany. The exchange of views will require many days and consequently the conversation with reporting the heavy artillery which both parties to the agreement will not start for some time to come.

Wisconsin Man Has Disappeared In London

Professor Was Delegate to Educational Convention in Edinburgh

London.—A 24-hour search by Scotland Yard failed to reveal even a trace of Professor J. Victor Collins, of Stevens Point, Wis., delegate to the World Federation of Education Associations' recent Edinburgh meeting.

Professor Collins had intended to take a late train for Edinburgh, where he was to attend another session of the union. He went to the station to obtain railway tickets, and that was the last he was seen of him.

British Teachers Coming

London.—In connection with the coming visit to Canada of nearly 100 secondary school teachers, with a view to the holding of similar visits on a higher grade in the party, the high, est anticipations of the results of the educational mission to the Dominion following the visit are entertained here. The party will sail on the Empress of Scotland.

Regina Oil Warehouse Destroyed

Regina, Sask.—In the city's most spectacular fire, the warehouse of the Canadian Oil Companies, Ltd., McIntyre and Sifton Avenue, was completely destroyed shortly after midnight, July 22. Only by the most strenuous efforts on the part of firemen were the flames kept from a row of oil tanks and cars.

Argentine Plans For Reception Of Prince

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Evolution On Trial

Another Court Action In U. S. Has Commenced

Washington.—Legislation which may throw the whole evolution question into the federal courts for judicial determination is the basis for the teaching of this scientific theory inculcates disrespect for the Holy Bible was begun here by Loren H. Willteer, a graduate of Yale.

The vehicle employed is a rider to the 1925 District of Columbia Appropriation bill, which provides that no part of this sum (for the public schools) shall be available for the salary of any superintendent of schools, nor for the teaching of, or any teacher who teaches, disrespect for the Holy Bible."

Annual Dinner Called Off

Rhodes Trustees Will Not Entertain Scholars This Year

Oxford, Eng.—The annual dinner given by the Rhodes trustees to the Rhodes scholars will be omitted this year because of the death recently of Lord Milner. It is thought the custom of the annual dinner will not be revived until the new building, which is to be the Oxford headquarters of the Rhodes trust, is completed.

Past dinners have been notable for the eminence of the speakers. Each speaker has been taken from the prime minister, making them occasions for pronouncements of their views on Anglo-American and Empire questions.

Report Traces Of Rust

University of Saskatchewan Professor Does Not Expect Much Damage

Saskatoon.—Traces of rust appearing on oats have been observed in this district, according to the statement of Prof. Manley Champlin, head of the department of field husbandry at the University of Saskatchewan. What rust that has been seen was on the Banner oats, which are the most resistants of the wheat as yet, he said.

With favorable weather, it is not likely that there will be any serious rust of the early crops, the professor stated.

Elected By Acclamation

Regina.—Deakin Alexander Hall, of Prince Albert and late la Ronge, was accorded an acclamation by the electors of the Cumberland constituency at Prince Albert when his was the only name placed in nomination. The return of Mr. Hall assures the government of 51 supporters against a combined opposition of 11, with the la Cross still to vote.

Refuses To Accept Diamond Ring

Kimberley, Union of South Africa.—The Prince of Wales refused to accept a diamond of 65 carats which was offered to him as a souvenir when he visited the mines. The Beer diamond works. He examined the great gem with keen interest, but smilingly shook his head when it was presented to him. He did accept, however, a stone of 12 carats.

POWERS HOPE TO SOLVE PROBLEM OF CHINA SOON

Washington. — Substantial accord has been reached by the powers of a character to deal with the whole Chinese problem.

Formal acquiescence in some sixteen points of the programme still is lacking, but the Peking diplomats are expected to be in a position to submit the formula to the provisional government of China at an early date.

The settlement to be proposed will include the Washington conference plan for revision of Chinese customs duties and creation of a commission of inquiry into extra-territorial questions, and also the British proposal for a new judicial inquiry into the responsibility for loss of lives in the recent Shanghai firing.

The plan for dealing with the Shanghai incident is expected to be participation by the powers in the Peking Government in the inquiry and agreement by that government to be bound by the findings of the investigation.

Held Day At Ellis Island

Englishman With Proper Passports Resents Humiliating Treatment

New York.—In protest against the treatment he received at Ellis Island, where he and his wife were held an entire day, although they came here on the Cunarder Aquitania, on legitimate business man, said he will leave the United States.

The visitor, he had bought student class tickets on the the Leviathan with the definite understanding he would not be held at Ellis Island. He and eight other non-American tourists travelling in student class, all with passports were taken off the ship and, he said, sent to Ellis Island and subjected to medical examinations which he termed "humiliating in the most extreme sense."

Mr. Adams said he intended to take the matter up with the British consul, and also with the United States Senate.

May Fill Vacancies In Senate

Two Out of Nine Seats Are For Alberta

Toronto.—A dispatch to The Toronto Mail and Empire under an Ottawa date-line declares that before the prospective Dominion general election, the government will fill the present vacancies in the senate. There are nine seats now vacant, two in the Prince Edward Island quota, one in Nova Scotia, two in Quebec, two in Ontario and two in Alberta. The Mail and Empire dispatch mentions Hon. Philippe Roy as a nominee for Quebec; Hon. H. H. Miller, M.P., for Canada, and Hon. Frank Oliver, as possible appointees to the Alberta vacancies.

Wage War On Grasshoppers

Victoria, B.C.—Vast armies of grasshoppers are devastating thousands of square miles in central British Columbia, the department of agriculture is informed. As an order-in-council, the government has voted $15,000 for poison, which will be distributed to the farmers for use in the affected areas.

Slayers' Appeal Refused

Cairo, Egypt.—The court has refused the appeal of eight men who in June were sentenced to death for the assassination last November of Sir Lee Stack, British commander-in-chief of the Egyptian army

MIGHTY LOGS FROM BRITISH COLUMBIA

A record-breaking consignment of Douglas Fir logs which arrived recently at Norval, Quebec, over the Canadian Pacific lines direct from New Westminster B.C. The load consists of twenty-nine logs, some of which were so long that three flat cars were required to carry them. One log, the longest, was ninety feet, 12 were 72 feet, and 4 were 40 feet long, while the load weighed 56,553 pounds. The lumber is intended for an eastern firm of contractors.

Western Wheat Pool To Make Another Interim Payment

British Naval Programme

Government Decides to Lay Down Four New Cruisers

London.—The long drawn struggle within the cabinet between the supporters of the admiralty and the economy party has ended in a triumph for the admiralty. The decision of the cabinet, announced in the House of Commons by Premier Baldwin, is that four new cruisers shall be laid down in the current financial years, which terminates the end of next March, and after that three cruisers yearly during the life of the present parliament.

There will be, in addition, an annual construction of nine destroyers, six submarines and other auxiliaries. The government party claims that this is a compromise, and doubtless it is compared with the admiralty's full demands, it may be so regarded, for it is understood that the full demands were for at least five cruisers yearly.

The Churchill party, however, were strenuously opposed to committing the country to a building programme in future years, and, in this regard, Premier Baldwin, who stepped to be on the side of economy, has yielded to threats of resignation on the part of Chancellor of the Exchequer Churchill and Sir Samuel Hoare, first lord of the admiralty, and the sea lords.

In announcing the decision to the House, Premier Baldwin said: "We have found it possible, in view of the peaceful outlook of the world and the absence of any naval situation as between the great powers, to modify very largely the proposals for new construction which were advocated two years ago."

Prepare To Handle Crop

Distributing Railway Equipment to Grain Loading Points

Winnipeg.—Extensive preparations for the handling of this year's crop were announced by E. D. Cotterell, transportation officer of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Mr. Cotterell stated that the company would have 575 freight engines in operation in connection with the traffic. In addition to 170 switch engines functioning at terminals. Box cars, it was stated, would be distributed to grain-loading points throughout the west in the proportion of 70 per cent. These cars, workers to manipulate the rolling stock are being called out. It was pointed out that large increases in manpower were necessary, as well as increases in cars and engines.

Care which have been lying idle for months are being renovated, and men who are accustomed to the work of handling the heavy sacks of wheat and grain are getting into gloves and overalls preparatory to the call.

Bowdoin Having Rough Passage

Running Through Heavy Seas Says Message From MacMillan

Washington.—The MacMillan Arctic ship Bowdoin is having a rough voyage northward from Hopedale, Labrador, it was indicated in a delayed radio message received by the National Geographic Society.

It was dated July 23, and said:

"Yesterday, the Bowdoin was making better than ten knots, under sailing skies, and made good progress enough now, which laid low right on out of eleven, and made succulent of the contents of our refrigerator. Now we are swinging around on a heavy roll."

British Naval Programme

London.—It is reported that the cabinet crisis over the cruiser question has ended in a victory for the admiralty at Wednesday's cabinet meeting. Newspapers assert that the cabinet decided to comply with the admiralty's modified demand for the building of four vessels this year and three next year.

Harvesting Fall Rye

Brandon, Man.—The fall rye has been harvested in this district, and cutting will be general in a week's time. The crop is likely to be a fairly good one, and is ripening rapidly.

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Winnipeg Grain Pool To Make Another Interim Payment

Winnipeg.—Fifteen million dollars will be paid to members of the Canadian Wheat Pool before August 1, according to an official statement issued by the president of the Canadian Co-operative Wheat Producers, Limited. The second interim payment will amount to 20 cents a bushel, basis No. 1 wheat, and brings the total already distributed to $1.05 a bushel on the 1924 crop. The statement intimates that the final instalment will be made some next month.

Due to volume of wheat received by the pool during recent weeks, the 1924 pool was not closed until July 15.

Twenty cents a bushel will be paid on Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Northern, also the toughs on these grades; 16 cents on No. 4, tough 4, and rejected grades; and 10 cents will be paid on No. 6, tough 6, smutty and rejected of other grades. No payment, the statement says, will be made at this time on feed and such wheat graded rejected, heated and condemned. Spended on grades will be adjusted when the final payment is made.

Canadian Pavilion Struck By Lightning

Damage to Wembley Building Estimated at Several Hundred Pounds Sterling

London.—The Canadian pavilion at Wembley was struck by lightning in the course of a violent thunderstorm. The damage is estimated at several hundred pounds sterling.

Lightning struck the northwest tower of the pavilion. The whole side of the tower was torn away and the mass of debris went crashing through the skylight into the offices below. Three men were badly injured during the electric storm and the plaster in the building was badly damaged. Fortunately, none of those injured and the building did not take fire.

The night watchman and officials in the Canadian pavilion at the time describe the noise of the thunder as being like the firing of heavy artillery. The damage is now hastily engaged repairing the damage to the tower.

Viscount Allenby May Succeed Lord Byng

Recently Retired As British High Commissioner in Turkey

Ottawa.—The Ottawa Citizen prints the following dispatch under a London date-line, dated July 24:

"The News of the World says it is rumored that Field Marshal Viscount Allenby of Megiddo and Felixstowe is in line of Mayo as governor-general of Canada.

Viscount Allenby recently retired as high commissioner for Great Britain in Egypt, a post which he filled with conspicuous success, following his notable service during the Great War, when he was commander-in-chief of the British armies in Egypt. The success of the campaigns in Mesopotamia and Palestine forms one of the most brilliant chapters of the struggle.

Boost Wheat Prices

United States Expects to Get Higher Price for Wheat Than Canada

Washington.—Secretary of Agriculture Jardine predicted that the United States wheat price this year will be "satisfactory," and well above the Canadian price.

"The tariff will work when we are net exporters," the secretary said.

Not a word did he say of the surplus supply of wheat this year, owing to a short crop in the winter wheat belt.

Fatal Automobile Accident

St. Cloud, Minn.—Mr. and Mrs. Walter Rodgers, of Ockow, Sask., were both killed in a crossing accident here when their light sedan was struck by the Great Northern Pacific eastbound Yellowstone Park special, on West St. Germain Street.

Mr. Rodgers was instantly killed and her husband died as the ambulance reached the hospital.

Mr. and Mrs. Rodgers were on their way to Nova Scotia, Minn.

Unemployment in Britain

London.—The number of unemployed persons on the roll last week was but under 1,200,000. This was 252,000 more than the number of unemployed at this time last year.

Manitoba Government To Renew Campaign For Hudson Bay Road

Winnipeg.—Abrogation of the Crow's Nest Pass freight rates schedule, effective from July 22, has inspired the Manitoba Government to renew its campaign for completion of the Hudson Bay Railway, according to a statement issued by Premier Bracken.

Members of the legislature, representing all groups, will be invited at an early date to go over the line to the end of steel, then by the Nelson River, to the port. The premier points out that in view of the fact that the west has lost the Crow's Nest rates, except insofar as they affect outgoing wheat and flour, the necessity of giving the Hudson Bay Railway outlet a fair trial has now become of vital interest to western Canada.

Increasing Demand For Wheat In Markets Of The World Should Keep Grain Prices Firm

Mr. J. Obed Smith, former immigration commissioner for Canada in London, refers, in a letter to "Canada," the London weekly, to the growing production and foodstuffs in this country and the increasing demand for them from other countries—speaking of wheat he says:

"Canada sells her wheat to Belgium, France, Holland, Scandinavia, Italy and Germany, besides the Old Land and the United States. Russia has recently placed an order and paid for 18,000,000 bushels of Canadian wheat. That is not all. The population of the states is rapidly increasing, despite the immigration quota, which prevents too many mouths arriving and needing imported food. This American market is second to Canada, and will be fed first.

"The Orient has suddenly discovered a liking for wheaten bread, and shipments of Canadian wheat across the Pacific Ocean have shown a large and rapid increase. What will be the immensity of the market if the teeming millions of China and Japan should generally adopt wheat bread, of rice, which wheat can only be readily supplied by Canada? The states have no more land that can be profitably used for wheat growing; their average result per acre is far less than in Canada, while honey over head constantly makes it impossible to raise and sell wheat on equal terms with Canada.

"The fate of export of wheat or flour from the United States is over. This is why the Canadian farmer has prepared more wheat for export, and why so many American farmers are crossing the international boundary northward and buying land there, than their own at one-third the price. The inexorable law of supply and demand governs the price of wheat, and, while violent fluctuations have been seen lately the present market prices in March may be near the economic standard value of wheat for years to come. At that the Canadian farmer will profit.

Commenting on Mr. Smith's letter, "Canada" says that it came opportunely during Empire Shopping Week and that "in London in particular a commendable effort is being made to shop-keepers to bring empire products before the attention of the public. So far as Canada is concerned the importance of encouraging the development of Canadian farmers is obvious from our correspondents letter. To sell in the Dominion—as has sometimes been done—the bread-basket of the world" is no very far-fetched.

New Settler Satisfied

Slow Arrival From U. S. Likes This Country

In a letter to the Canadian Government agent at Portland, Maine, Robert M. Boyes, who recently settled at Meadow Lake, Sask., writes:

"We have more than thankful for your assistance in getting us here. We like this country very well, and have never made a big production of anything like it does here. The horses are knee deep in wild pea-vine and vetch, besides plenty of natural grasses.

"I took a homestead, and it won't be hard to get 40 or 60 acres under cultivation. I will soon have the house finished. I am building with logs, having the help of my two sons-in-laws, and I can pay them back with labor.

"The soil here is a black vegetable loam and very rich. Water can be had at a depth of from 8 to 28 feet, besides there are numerous lakes. I am more than satisfied with coming here and can recommend this place to anyone. There is good fishing and hunting, and if we can keep the weeds out we'll have one of the best districts in the west. We are all strong and good health and have good appetites."

The Office Boy's Wish

"I'd like to go to a funeral this afternoon, sir," said the office boy, after an argument with the chief clerk.

"Why, you odd, weird sort!" the chief clerk replied heartlessly. "Will you work?"

"No, sir. I know I won't," the boy murmured. "But I would like to go all the same."

Something tragic and appealing in the doughtful voice led the chief clerk to ask, "Whose funeral?"

"Yours, sir," said the boy gently.

Dairy Industry Booming

More bad news is announced for the pessimists. The promises to be a boom year for the dairy industry in Canada. In the date there are officially reported to be 60,000 more boxes of graded butter to export than at the same time last year, and 85,000 boxes of cheese more than last year. Also Canadian cheese is now bringing 28 cents a pound in England, a price considered to be very attractive.

New Press Is Speedy

A printing press with a capacity of 4,000 metal cards a minute has been shipped from Turin, Italy, to the Government printing office at Washington. It is claimed that this press will supersede those that are now in use because of its mechanical perfection. The Japanese Government has ordered a similar one.

Muskrats Becoming Scarce

Recommend Discontinuance of Fall and Winter Trapping in Saskatchewan

Discontinuance of the fall and winter trapping of muskrats in Saskatchewan is recommended by the personnel of the correspondents of the provincial game guardian. Recommendations have also been received that all trapping of beaver on each of the Churchill River be stopped.

Muskrat pelts are more valuable in the spring when the quality of the fur is much better than it is in the fall and early winter, and as a result more muskrat should be taken in spring as compared with the fall quotations.

Correspondents in beaver districts report that the number of beaver ranged south of the Churchill River owing to the scarcity of those valuable furbearing animals.

Coyotes appear to be hold their own against long odds. Requests have been received by the game guardian from southern districts that coyotes should not be hunted with dogs as the rapid increase of jack rabbits is attributed to the reduction in the number of coyotes on the open prairies.

Practically everywhere on the open prairie districts are reported to be increasing rapidly, while in the southwest part of the province they are said to be doing serious damage to green crops and garden stuff.

Canada's Apple Crop

Some districts in B.C. Show Reduction From Last Year

Commercial apple prospects indicate a total crop of 95 per cent. of 1924, when 2,749,544 barrels were harvested, or 643 per cent. of a five year average of 2,098,304 barrels, according to a crop report just issued by the dominion fruit branch.

The prospective commercial apple crop for British Columbia compared with last year's yield is 92 per cent., 2,097,900 boxes, or 80.5 per cent. of a five-year average, the report states. Spring frosts, Sapper Shopping Week and that "in London in particular a commendable effort is being made to shop-keepers to bring empire products before the attention of the public. So far as Canada is concerned the importance of encouraging the development of Canadian farmers is obvious from our correspondents letter. To sell in the Dominion—as has sometimes been done—the bread-basket of the world" is no very far-fetched.

Trees In Western Canada

Betterment of Home Life By Improvement of Surroundings

The tree planting division of the forestry branch of the Canadian Government department of the interior recently distributed its twenty-fifth annual free distribution of trees to farmers in the prairie provinces. In the 25 years the division has sent out for farm shelter-belt planting a total of over 91,000,000 seedlings and cuttings of deciduous trees and nearly 30,000,000 young spruce and pine transplants. Approximately forty thousand shelter-belts have been established in western Canada since this distribution began. Several thousand carefully prepared planting reports each year furnish the forestry branch with accurate information as to the success of these plantations, and these reports indicate that fully 90 per cent. of them are in a thriving condition.

The stock is grown at two forest nurseries established, the one at Indian Head, Saskatchewan, supplying the southern portions of the three prairie provinces, and the other at Sutherland, Saskatchewan, providing material for the northern parts. This year 2,476,000 seedlings, cuttings and transplants were sent out from Indian Head to 2,940 farmers, and 2,500,000 seedlings and cuttings were distributed from Sutherland to 2,010 farmers. Most of this stock is used for planting windbreaks around farmhouses and gardens, but there is an increasing demand for material for field shelter-belts for the protection and control of soil-drifting.

An interesting and important development in the planting movement is the attitude which teachers and educational authorities are beginning to take in this. More school grounds have been planted with the assistance of the forestry branch in Saskatchewan this season than in any previous year, 153 schools were supplied with 155,000 seedlings and cuttings, and a smaller number were similarly assisted in Manitoba and Alberta. This object lesson in the betterment of home life by the improvement of surroundings is viewed as very important by western educationists.

The system of distribution is co-operative, the provincial governments and the labor and paying the express charges, while the government supplies the trees and gives the expert advice. In the early days of western settlement it was generally believed that trees could not be made to grow on the prairie, but as a result of this movement that misconception has been dispelled, and there is now a heavy demand for planting material.

Increase In Fish Marketed By B.C.

Halibut Catch Increased Over 1924 Mostly From Queen Charlotte Islands

British Columbia's fisheries production shows a total marketed value of $20,000,000, with an increase over the preceding year of $461,042, according to a report just issued by the Dominion bureau of statistics, Ottawa, in co-operation with the department of marine and fisheries.

The two chief fisheries are salmon and halibut.

The value of the product of the salmon and halibut fisheries together comprised 87 per cent. of the total value of the fisheries production in British Columbia for the year.

Capital represented in the vessels, boats, nets, traps, piers and wharves, etc., amounted to $4,000,000, together with $5,160,272 in 1923.

Canada and the Polar Regions

Discussing the rightful ownership of the polar lands, Mr. D. C. Lonsdale, a well-known German jurist, denies the right of Canada, or any other country, to claim any polar area. In view of the impossibility of establishing anything like permanent settlements in these extreme northern latitudes, he claim would not be recognized by other countries, he said, as it would be unreasonably contradictory to international law.

Oil From Crickets Valuable

Very valuable oil, suitable for aviation since it does not congeal even at a very high altitude, has been made from crickets, according to advices received at Washington by the department of commerce from Algiers, where the soldiers used to eat the crickets were sent to Holland from Algeria. Part of this quantity was bought by and from the remainder oil was extracted.

Nightingales In London

A nightingale singing in his mate, and her answering trills, were heard by residents in Holloway in the north of London recently. The birds nestled in the branches of a tall tree in the garden of a house, and watchers grew, how the animals can be trapped, and how otherwise destroyed and how the skins can be preserved.

Tourists For Canada

Nearly 20,000 people had booked for the "See for yourself" excursions to Canada, which began to run from British and French ports in July. Passengers included retired military men and civil servants, school teachers and hundreds of sons of farmers.

Minerals In Rations For Hogs

Test at B.C. Experimental Station Yielded Valuable Information

Valuable information relative to the use of minerals in the rations of hogs, as to the usual grain rations of hogs has been secured at the Agassiz, B.C., experimental station, during the last two years. Information contained in a recent "Experimental Farm Note," by W. H. Hicks, the superintendent of the station.

The mineral ration used was composed of ground bone meal, 8 pounds; ground limestone, 2 pounds; superphosphate, 5 pounds, and salt, 1 pounds at a cost of 2.7 cents per pound, or at the rate of 1.35 cents per pounds to each 100 pounds of meal.

In order to test this material, a total of 24 pigs were divided into fourteen lots of six pigs each. In every ration where the mineral mixture was fed considerable gains were secured.

When other mineral matter is not available, ordinary wood or coal ashes thrown on the floor gives good results.

Wolf Habits and Importance

Interesting Booklet Which Can Be Obtained Free

Accounts of wild life and description of the habits of animals are always interesting, particularly so when commercialism is involved. Of this nature is Norman Criddle's "The Habits and Economic Importance of Wolves in Canada," published by the department of agriculture at Ottawa, and which can be had free on application to the publications branch there. The wolf will be remembered as wolves were particularly prominent in the public mind, partly owing to their boldness and partly due to the formation of large hunting parties to pursue them. Mr. Criddle tells of many wolf-stories, of white wolves, wolves and coyotes, describing their habits, methods of feeding and occasional attacks on human beings. He tells also how lumbermen, ranchers and cutting settlers must want to know, how the animals can be trapped, poisoned or otherwise destroyed and how the skins can be preserved.

Interesting Documents Found

An interesting tablet inscribed on bricks unearthed in Babylonia are on display in Cleveland. The tax bill is dated 2,000 years B.C. and dates back to 2350 B.C. There is also an inventory for sheep delivered for sacrifice, a historical document believed to have been written during the life of Abraham, and a document dated 538 B.C. during the reign of Nabonidus, the last king of Babylonia.

The fortune that William Hohenstein has started away was doubled and tored for a reign day.

Natural Resources Bulletin

Greater Gains Made By Dairying Than Any Other Branch of Industry

The natural resources intelligence service of the department of the interior at Ottawa says:—

Canada is rapidly becoming a dairy country. This is evidenced in many ways, particularly by the growth of our exports of dairy products. It is well for the country that such is the case, as authorities agree there is no better means of keeping up the fertility of the soil than the keeping of cattle. Feeding to livestock the produce of the farm is just one step nearer the finishing of the process of maintaining the food supply.

It is interesting to note the large increase in the supply of Canadian dairy produce to other countries. During the fiscal year ended March 31st, 1925, the total exports of dairy produce, including 24,591,981 pounds, compared with 13,648,985 pounds in 1924, the increase being 10,942,996 pounds.

Cream and milk showed large gains during the past two years. In 1922 there were 1,712,546 gallons of cream shipped to the United States. This was increased in 1924 to 2,783,860 gallons, while in the fiscal year ended March 31st, 1925, 3,384,186 gallons being shipped across the line. Exports of fresh milk in 1922 amounted to 1,784,000 gallons, in 1924 they reached 2,191,285 gallons, and in 1925 a total of 3,083,212 gallons went to the United States.

The quantity of cheese which for a time showed signs of declining, are again on the ascendency, being 125,000,000 pounds in 1924, which for a time showed signs of declining, are again on the ascendency, being 125,000,000 pounds in 1924, which increased to 177,000 pounds last year and 114,548,500 pounds in 1925.

Similarly the gains were made in exports of milk powder, in 1923, but 3,-817,551 pounds was exported. This increased to 4,526,000 pounds in 1924, and again increased in 1925 to 7,205,-617 pounds.

On behalf of any other branch of industry can show such proportionate gains, in the past three years, as has the dairy industry. It is a remarkable indication of the possibilities of Canada's greatest natural resource—the soil—and the wide range of markets still awaiting the settler and his plow.

The Fireman's Chief Peril

Fumes Produced From Smoke Are Worse Than Flames

"Fighting the flames" would be much more accurate than "fighting the flames," when speaking of the fireman's duty.

Smoke is really a much worse enemy than flame, and among firemen overcome by smoke the case now gassed for one injured by fire.

The London Fire Brigade is equipped with a helmet and face mask and also masks specially designed for use in thick smoke. Wearing a liquid air helmet a member of the brigade was shut up for ten minutes in a room where a fierce sulphur fire was burning and at one point the smoke was so dense. One of the worst fume producers is cork. When some years ago, a big warehouse in Crutched Friars, six floors filled with cork caught fire, the clouds of yellow-grey smoke set people coughing half a mile away. As the cork burned it became more hard time and again by the choking fumes. Next to cork leather makes the worst smoke. When the tannery and leather department of a big West End shop took fire, fourteen firemen were rendered unconscious by the fumes.

A celluloid fire is always dangerous from the fierceness of the flames. A celluloid fire is also very difficult to extinguish, but perhaps the worst substances of all, so far as heat is concerned, are those which burn with both any smoke, but with a flame of amazing intensity.

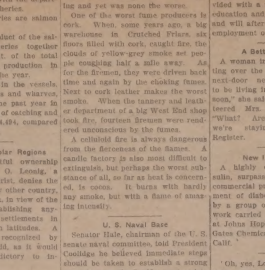
U. S. Naval Base

Senator Hale, chairman of the U. S. Senate naval committee, told President Coolidge he considered immediate steps should be taken to establish a strong naval base on the Pacific coast, and to strengthen the Naval Harbor Hawaii defence.

Bill: "Wot does 'oss trans-for-ship' on this ticket mean?"

Pat: "Sure, it means that you won't be admitted if ye don't go t'-rowel!"

TAKING A JUMP IN THE LAKE



"God weather was not sufficient to sends tempted many of the more derds the Canadian Weekly Newspaper party from enjoying a dip in the waters of Lake Winnipeg when the party visited Grand Beach on the Sunday following their annual convention at Winnipeg. The spacious

boards once to den bathing suits, while at the same time a splendid orchestra in the large dancing pavilion caused shuffle feet into real snappy toe taps and one step.

World Forestry Congress

Important Event to be Held at Rome Next Year

Representatives of university forestry departments, schools of forestry and forestry associations from the four corners of the globe are to meet in Rome at an international forestry congress lasting from April 29 to May 5. "Those responsible for the congress," say the advance notices, "trust that they will be able to bring together in Rome forestry experts representing all civilized countries, so that with their collaboration a strong stimulus may be given to the advance of forestry throughout the world, and renewed confidence may be felt in the future of the forest, which is a factor of such importance in human activity and industry." As international forestry exhibition of wood working machinery and general forestry products is being included in the congress plans.

Winnipeg Pulp Mill

Mammoth Paper Mill May Be Erected By Riordon Pulp & Paper Co.

Assurances that they were prepared to go ahead immediately with the construction of a 65,000,000 paper mill of 200 tons capacity in the Great Winnipeg district, provided the Dominion Government entered into a contract providing adequate hydro-electric power rights, were made by George M. Seaman, of the Seaman Paper Company, Limited, and Mr. Riordon, of the Backus-Brooks Interests in Canada and the United States.

The assurances were received with the utmost enthusiasm by the 200 representatives men of Greater Winnipeg and other parts of the province present at a meeting called by Mayor Webb.

Suggests Colony Plan

Lord Mayor of Hull Makes Suggestion For Emigration

Speaking to a gathering of Canadian and Newfoundland representatives in the Guildhall, London, at the opening of Wembley exhibition, the Lord Mayor of Hull suggested that his city should adopt such colonies adjacent to it, and said it seemed that our system of emigration was probably too diffuse and haphazard. Fewer flights and more to some definite district, and if some tangible and favorable scheme was decided upon, he thought they might avoid duplication of very desirable colonists.

Award Farming Scholarships

Provide Tuition in Canadian College For English Boys

A London public school man of the fifty scholarships tenable in agricultural colleges in Canada which the Canadian Pacific Railway Company is proceeding to allot, twenty-five already have been allotted to London boys and will be distributed in the east, land and among English provincial districts. Each scholar will be provided with a free passage, tuition, education and maintenance for a year and will afterwards be found suitable employment on the land in Canada.

A Better Neighborhood

A woman in the suburbs of Paris was dialing over the back fence with her next-door neighbor: "We're going to live in a better neighborhood soon," she said. "So are we," volunteered Mrs. Nextdoor confidently. "What? Are you moving, too?" "No, we're staying here." — Christian Register.

New Insulin Discovery

A highly concentrated form of insulin, surpassing the potency of the original product discovered in the treatment of diabetes, has been obtained by a group of scientists in research work carried on during the past year at Johns Hopkins University and the Gates Chemical Laboratory, Pasadena, Calif.

'Oh, yes, Louise is studying French, Latin and algebra this year. Say how do you spell 'do' in algebra for the lady, Louise?"

If a baby is born in August it is more likely to live than if it is born in any other month, government records show.

Party Of American Visitors Are Greatly Impressed With Trip Through Western Canada

Livestock Marketings In 1924

Fifth Annual Report is Issued At Ottawa

A vast deal of information is contained in the fifth annual report on the origin and quality of commercial livestock marketed in Canada, recently published by the livestock branch at Ottawa, and which can be had of the publications branch there. As in novation is the inclusion of maps of each province, by which the most productive sections of production can be identified. It is interesting to note that the finished handyweight steers, and steers of export weight and quality suitable for the British market were turned out in increasing numbers in 1924 and that all the five provinces dealt with, namely: Quebec, Ontario, Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba, contributed to the finished cattle trade, being thus instrumental in improving Canada's position on a quality basis. Improvement was observable in the quality of the exceptionally heavy marketing of calves. There was a record output of hogs, and, as the report states, there is much satisfaction in the fact that the extensive movement was not, as is generally the case, accompanied by any deterioration in quality. "Fortunately," also says the report, "under the hog grading policy, there was able to give direct assistance to packing plants by grades." A table is given showing the number of each grade shipped to each province during the year, by which it appears that the percentage of selects shipped by packing plants first in Manitoba, and secondly to stockyards, were as follows: Alberta, 2.62 and 3.25; Saskatchewan, 2.84 and 3.03; Manitoba, 8.18 and 4.31; Ontario, 21.53 and 24.41; Quebec, 10.43 and 9.62.

The Need Of Toleration

Toleration One of the Fundamental Principles of Liberalism

An attractive publication of 60 pages by Alexander Smith, Ottawa, under the title of "Liberalism and Toleration" is issued by the National Federation of Liberal Women. The following three quotations are given on the inside dividing and arresting topic of the booklet.

"The Old Testament exemplifies that in political life there is a standard of right which rises above all dictates of expediency and all regard for mere party group, party or partnership. The warning is set on high."

"The New Testament widens the conception of. Who is Thy neighbor?" and teaches that man by self-control, self-denial and the exercise of compassion shall be less severe with his own selfishness, and more ready to serve his fellow-men. The struggle is for character."

"Man realizes on man. This fact is at the heart of most of the trouble in the world today and in church and in state. The speech or deed of one intolerant extremist almost immediately and inevitably evokes, not by wireless or radio, another extremist as Jatolerant on the other side. The practical problem is to overcome evil, is how to organize thought and emotion against this growing spirit of intolerance, not only among nations, but among people themselves. Toleration is itself one of the fundamental principles not only of religion, but also of modern and of international relations."

Search For Minerals

Geological Survey to Cover Territory Between Two Railways

A message from the steamer Arctic, now on her voyage to the far northern islands of Canada, received by the department of the interior, indicates that an effort was made to determine what categories of minerals of value are to be found in these islands.

Investigations by Dr. Wesks, a representative of the geological survey of Canada, will cover territory never before re-examined, it is stated.

Depending on conditions in each island, investigations will be made by Dr. Wesks Inland, Dyrot Island, North Devon and Ellesmere. The investigations will be conducted from the steamer Inland in an effort to supplement knowledge previously gained by British and Canadian expeditions.

The Russian Crown Jewels

Russian crown jewels are to be sent to London by the Soviet Government according to reports. The first object to be sent to London is the Russian crown, sceptre and ball containing the famous Orloff diamond of 194½ carats. The value of the jewels is estimated at 200,000,000 rubbles.

Hieroglyphics

"Bill has a great faculty for putting the cart before the horse."

"That's a pretty stale figure! Say he has a great faculty to make the wheels run before motor."

Geologists say that hot springs do not come from deep within the earth, but from surface water which seeps through the rocks and is heated by steam from subterranean lava beds.

Bowls For 300 Years

Bowls is a game played for nearly 300 years at Milton Regis, Kent, where a green is staged with a crowd of a thousand young children been opened

The prosperity of western Canada;

excellence of growing crops and splendid farming methods followed throughout Manitoba and Saskatchewan were an eye-opener to the party of United States land agents, recently taken on a tour of parts of Manitoba and Saskatchewan, by Dan M. Johnson, western manager of agriculture and colonization for the Canadian National Railways. On their return to Winnipeg, the members of the party, numbering twenty-two from across the border, were most enthusiastic in their praise of the country they had visited, and were loud in their expressions of appreciation for the hospitality shown them by residents of the various districts visited.

The tour took them from Winnipeg through Dauphin, Melfort, Wadena, Prince Albert, Saskatoon, Eston, Kindersley, Swift Current, Moose Jaw, Goose Lake and Snipe Lake districts. At Dauphin they enjoyed a full day's drive through the surrounding territory and were entertained at luncheon by the board of trade. At Saskatoon the party visited the forestry farm and the university and also enjoyed a five hours' drive as well as being entertained at luncheon by the Goose Lake and Snipe Lake districts they made a drive of 165 miles, while in Wadena and Kindersley districts the party drove over 125 miles in their inspection of farms and vacant lands, being later entertained by the Wadena board of trade at luncheon.

On their return to Winnipeg and their later departure for the United States, members of the party were loaded down with samples of grain, vegetables, alfalfa, etc., which they had been shown in the province. They reported having picked excellent domestic strawberries at Dauphin and Melfort and were surprised to find this fruit producing as well in western Canada. Nebraska and Illinois agents were particularly impressed with the type of beef cattle and bacon hogs raised in western Canada, which, they said, would compare favorably with anything produced in their parts of the United States.

Before their departure for their homes in the United States, the members of the party presented a resolution of thanks to Mr. Johnson and to Mr. W. B. Boyd, Minneapolis, local representative at St. Paul, thanking them for the opportunities which had been afforded of visiting western Canada and seeing for themselves what was offered here in the way of homes and security and closing with the resolution states: "We have seen much of western Canada, its broad fertile acres of beautiful land. We have met many of our neighbors to the north. We have been on foreign soil for many days and we have to say that on our trip had that feeling of a foreigner in a foreign land. We have had the time of our lives and have met among friends throughout our journey. We have been royally entertained and the hospitality of our party was enjoyed to stop. We have been feasted and feasted and have met with 'nothing but good fellowship and a glad hand.'"

Before their departure for Winnipeg, members of the party were interviewed and asked for a brief outline of their impressions of the trip. The following summaries, will give western Canadians an impression of the favorable impression which the country creates in the mind of the interested visitor.

W. T. Kilmer, western Nebraska, states: "I am convinced there is no place in north America that offers such wonderful opportunity for the young man to own his own farm home as do the fertile fields of western Canada." Richard Ellsworth James, western Canada's wheat crop is the best I ever saw or dreamed of; furthermore, opportunities for the young man on low-priced but fertile lands with small capital are the best I know of in any country." H. J. Hanson, Fargo, N.D., reports: "For a man with limited means to make a home to himself and his family, it is the best place in north America at the present time."

Can Photograph Whizzing Bullet

The discovery of a method of aerial in gelatine which may make it possible to catch a picture of a bullet whizzing through the air, has been disclosed by Dr. A. H. Lauder, a photography scientist. The substance found is extremely minute crystals of silver bromide, the sensitivity of ordinary photographic film more than a hundredfold, it is said.

When He Wished It

The superintendent of the Sunday school was talking to the little scholars at the regular attendance of his pupils. "Dear children," he announced, "you today will out of the whole school only some seventy-five boggle. Let us hope she is ill."

Hat Ride On Turtle

A swimmer off Leighton-on-Sea recently was given a free ride by a big turtle. It paddled quietly to the bather up out of the water and carried him several feet.

Sea Depths

The size of various waters in the proportion and cure of disease is one of the oldest therapeutic secrets known to medical science.

Beauty-made advice very seldom fits.

Exporting Raw Material

Exportations Appear to Consist Mainly Of Agricultural Products

Wild talk about Canada exporting material in a raw state and buying back the manufactured product is finding favor in the figures. In the year 1924, 43.4 per cent of our exports were classed as raw material, while the percentage in the United States was 25.7, not a great difference when one considers the start obtained by the neighbor and the enormous market created by a population of about 114,000,000.

Furthermore, it is to be borne in mind that the so-called raw materials exported consist mainly or agricultural products. In 1924, for instance, the total exports of Canada were valued at $1,945,000,000. More than half the exports originated on farms, that is, they were a result of the products of skilled labor on the output of the factories. They gave employment to more than half the population of Canada, and maintained a population of 4,416,041 men, women and children. Agriculture is spoken of as this gigantic industry as inferior to those of the cities and towns. Anybody who thinks that wheat or cattle can be raised by unskilled labor would speedily change his opinion after a few months' practical experience.—The Toronto Globe.

Feeding Visitors to Wembley

Bakery Works Day and Night to Supply Needs

One of the interesting sights at Wembley exhibition is a bakery that works unceasingly day and night to supply the needs of visitors to the fair. The bakery has been designed to supply bread, rolls, and pastries of all kinds to the cafes and restaurants. One obtains the trembles and nervous fits of transport of huge supplies to the exhibition. Sixteen steam-pipe ovens have been installed in the bakery. In a fire-box behind each pair of ovens is a small fire of smokeless fuel. Along the roofs of the ovens is a series of tubes, each hermetically sealed, and in these tubes is water which, heated by the coke fires, circulates and provides the necessary cooking heat. Rolls, moulded by machinery, are put into the ovens on great trays of iron sheet. The baker can watch the actual baking process by means of an electric light, which lights up the inside of the oven. One hundred thousand rolls can be turned out every day. In the kitchens attached to the bakery are to be found the latest bread-buttering machines, each capable of cutting and buttering 20,000 slices of bread in a day; and another potato peeling and cleaning machines, each dealing with a ton of potatoes in an hour.

United States Annexes Island

Bit of Land Off North Coast of Africa Of No Value

Swain's Island, about 300 miles south of Africa, the chief island of the Samoan group, is the latest acquisition of the United States, provision for its annexation having been made at the last session of Congress.

English maps include Swain's, under one or another of its several variant names, in the Tokelau group, and put a ring around the whole aggregation, within which runs the label "British." But that does not appear, however that British has ever made any official assertion of sovereignty over Swain's Island in particular. The latter is known labels of the Tokelau group are but little larger than Swain's and they lie to the north of it. About 120 miles of open ocean separate it from Fakaofo, the nearest land under distinctly British rule.

The United States will gain nothing by its new acquisition, but it will assure her a title to a harbor of a quality too few to support a government of their own and too numerous by several dozen to get along permanently without political authority to appeal to to keep their relations in order.

The Colorful Necktie

Neckties are growing wilder every day. One almost has to wear blinkers in order to go bareheaded with safety. It is reminiscent of a stanza of the poem by Rudyard Young:

O rose once living on the seeding torch
Of lavender, cream or mauve.
Else the tie I wear must perceive the day
Of a red hot kitchen stove.

The boss I read and the hits I lead
Are neither new and naif,
If this calm pate and I don't wear spats,
That I want no neckties will.

—G. O. McIntyre, New York Correspondent.

New Profession For Women

Growing economics in the West indicate that a profession that has attracted many women. But Miss Nellie Russell Bell, a young Edmonton woman, says it is the ideal life. She combines active native labor and supervision and a hundred acres devoted to economics.

A recruit who was over 12 in boots was about two paces one morning. The sergeant demanded an explanation from a comrade, and he received the answer: "Please sir, he's gone to the second mode to turn round."

The value of the annual timber production of Canada is placed at $60,000,000.

More Hens But Fewer Eggs

Requirements of World Have Decreased in Last Two Years

The poultry production map of the world has undergone remarkable changes in the past 15 years. Everywhere, possibly except Russia, flocks seem to be increased, but the number of eggs in world commerce has diminished.

Customary figures of the various countries show that fifteen years ago about 700,000,000 dozen of eggs in the shell were required, while in 1923 only 500,000,000 were needed.

In 1910 Russia exported 264,000,000 dozen of eggs; England imported 215,000,000 dozen, and Germany 102,000,000. England still takes about the same number, but Germany has practically faded out of the picture; Canada now holds first rank as an exporting nation with about 90,000,000 dozen.

What has caused the change? Not producing its own requirements. The eggs that do get into commerce are the product of a better care of the seasonal declines in production in the various countries.

In the United States the perfection of cold storage methods has made it unnecessary to sell eggs at the spring unreasonably, while the growing demands or our population for eggs leaves no such year without a surplus.

In 1910 the production of eggs in the U. S. was 1,020,000,000 dozen. By 1925 production and jumped to more than 2,200,000,000 dozen.

The figures go out to about 20 dozen eggs a year for every person, a tremendously high average and one that indicates widespread use of eggs in cookery.

It does not seem likely that home consumption can be very much increased as that point applies are in a position to absorb large quantities of eggs at present prices. The poultry map does not encourage expectations of production at this time.—Country Gentleman.

Cracks In Concrete Knit Automatically

Joints Formed Are Even Stronger Than Original Work

Concrete that has been cracked will knit together again, according to tests made by Prof. Duff A. Abrams at Lewis Institute. These tests were said to be the first of this kind.

Concrete cylinders, once cracked, and restored after eight years' exposure to the weather were found to be more than two and one-quarter times as strong as they were when the original test was made. When they were first tested the cylinders resisted practically all of the cracks caused by the high pressure had disappeared. In like manner, the concrete restored its strength with age, but Prof. Abram's test gave definite knowledge concerning the behavior of concrete after two preliminary tests had been made. A year later when the bridge and the buildings are ready for the carbon revealed that many of the old cracks did not reopen, but new cracks appeared on material as near them as possible. Prof. Abrams stated that this condition was due to the healing of the cracks and the forming of a new concrete, stronger than the unbroken concrete.

Problem Of Earth's Age

Scientists Hope to be Able to Arrive At Estimate

How old is the earth? This is one of the problems along the frontier of science.

The national research council has appointed committees called the committee on the determination of geologic age through atomic disintegration, with Joseph Barrell, chairman.

We know that radio-active elements are disintegrating or going to another form of element at the rate of one gram of a uranium deposit at Luck, Wyo., is calculated to be 32,000,000 years old this basis. One 900,000 years old this basis. One 900,000 years old this basis. One Reynold Coupe, in which she visited Canada, is at least 1,900,000 to 600,000 years old.

More study of this sort, it is thought, may enable scientists to estimate the age of the world.

Radium Is Cheaper

Radium is not as expensive as it used to be as the result of the discovery of a big deposit of radium ore in the Belgian Congo.

A few years ago, radium sold for $120,000 a gram. Now it can be purchased for $70,000 a gram.

Cattle Shipments To Britain

Since the British cattle embargo was lifted, on April 1, 1923, 166,875 head of cattle had been shipped to Great Britain by May 31 last, with the estimated value to Canada of these exports is $14,126,718, according to a statement made by the federal department of agriculture.

Made Him Lazy

Mother: "The teacher complains that you haven't had a lesson right for a month. Why is it?"

Son: "She always kisses me when I get them right."

Prefers South Sea Islands

Manitoba Pioneer Has Explored Tropical Lands in His Own Boat

"Cuthbertson in the South Sea Islands, or cutsorene in western Canada." Well, give me the cannibals every time! I never was much at farming."

This was the assertion of Frank Burnett, who came to Winnipeg first in 1880 and knows all about the great Red River cart routes of transportation. Recently he appeared again in the Manitoba capital, this time travelling by railway.

"I am a seaman at heart," Mr. Burnett proclaimed, adding that after a period of unsuccessful farming, he had obeyed the appeal of "this savage instinct."

"I realized that the only way to explore the South Sea Islands properly was by having my own boat. I acquired an 85-ton schooner, had it fitted as a yacht and, accompanied by my family, sailed. When we reached Honolulu after 42 days of the worst weather that could be imagined, I was on my way of my business and then for ten months we disappeared, as far as civilization was concerned.

"The idea that cannibalism is extinct is quite wrong." Mr. Burnett stated. "The Papuans practice it just as much as they did in the fifteenth century." In 1910, when Mr. Burnett was in the Solomon Islands, he was in company with a trading party of 45 men. While he was there, some of the party were killed and eaten by the natives. There was also the head-hunting Dyaks and the Polynesians to be contended with. Nothing, however, daunted Mr. Burnett.

During these South Sea tours, Mr. Burnett has collected a variety of interesting curios, many of which, well preserved. This collection has been presented to the University of Leyden, Holland.

Despite his 73 years, Mr. Burnett will launch upon another trip to Polynesia shortly. He proposes to start on the trip this fall.

Zoo's Greatest Attraction

People Are Always Fascinated By Antics of Monkeys

As in every great zoo, those of Hamburg, London, Amsterdam and Paris, the monkey house is also the greatest attraction at the Bronx Gardens, New York. There is a magnetic attraction for the human species in the cages of the clinical monkeys. The crowd before the cage of a Jardanese monkey family was so great on a recent Sunday that the police had to be called in. The interest of the crowd was a grey-coated father who had got out of a bus with his hat and was trying it on before curious children and sharing it with the members of his long-suffered household.

Picasso Criminate

Nothing could be more pleasing to the criminal elements of society than to have the newspapers enter into the question and to imagine their evil deeds. This would not stop crime nor would it prevent the public from learning about it. It would, however, greatly facilitate criminal operations and enable many a criminal to escape who is now caught through a widely diffused knowledge of his crime. Evils that cry aloud for some new corrected.—Springfield, Mass., Union.

New League Secretary

Sir George Foster, president of the League of Nations Society of Canada, announced that Lieut.-Col. C. P. Worthington, formerly of the Canadian Engineers, will take over the duties of secretary of the League of Nations Society of Canada on the retirement next month, of H. G. Richardson, who has held the post for the last two years, but finds it necessary to relinquish it.

Woman Explored French Congo

Mme. Gabrielle Isaut has just returned from an exploration trip of the French Congo, in which she visited sections never before invaded by white people.

French-Canadian Teachers Start Tour Across Canada

The above picture shows most of the one hundred French-Canadian school teachers of the University of Montreal, who left Windsor Station early in July on a three weeks educational excursion across the country. Seated in the centre of the group is Mayor Duquette, of Montreal, with Monseigneur A. V. J. Piette, rector of the University of Montreal, who was in charge of the party, on his right and Professor E. Montpetit, also of the university, on his left.

H. W. Beaty, chairman and president of the Canadian Pacific Railway, Grant Hall, first vice-president; A. D. MacTier, vice-president, eastern lines; J. J. Scully, general manager, eastern lines, and C. E. E. Usher, general passenger traffic manager, are the travellers who kindly wished them "God speed" in behalf of the railway company.

To Control Weeds

Weed Suppression and Control by Ploughing and Cultivation. Methods

Relative to control and suppression of weeds the Dominion field husbandman (Mr. E. S. Hopkins) advises that in the case of three or four years' rotation, consisting of one year in corn or other hoed-tilled crop, one year in grain, and one or two years in hay, that for the hoed-tilled crop the land should be thoroughly prepared and the crop cultivated until almost in the four-year rotation the timothy sod can be ploughed by August 1, but in the case of the three-year rotation, where two cuttings of clover are harvested, the ploughing will not be possible until about the middle of June. When conditions are present, or any other weeds having underground root-stalks, it is important to plough and plough early and to cultivate it throughout the remainder of the fall. After ploughing it should be harrowed and in about a week's time disced, and disced at about a week's interval until the land is rotted sufficiently to allow the use of the cultivator.

Beefsteak Was Expensive

Sold For $46 a Pound During Klondike Gold Rush

In a town of Dawson, which, during the Klondike gold rush, sprang up almost in a night, the first beefsteak to reach it sold for $46 a pound. It was a 50-lb. steer which had been shipped from 250 miles away.

When the precious bit of meat reached the hungry prospectors, they cut in a body to see it. It was placed on exhibition, and attracted as much attention as any other curiosity. Soon word was given of the sale, and the result of the rivalry for its possession was that it

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Three American military regiments have accepted invitations to visit Great Britain and France next May.

The former German Crown Prince recently journeyed from Berlin to Breslau in an aeroplane.

One thousand horses are estimated to be ill with or convalescing from influenza in Montreal.

The most public lighthouse in the world has been erected at Dijon, France, to enable aeroplanes to check their directions and location.

Etchings done by Queen Victoria are being exhibited in London for the first time, the Queen having been a pupil of Landseer.

The French and Belgian forces of occupation are rapidly evacuating the rich territory of the Ruhr region in Westphalia.

William Galbraith, a pioneer of northern Saskatchewan and for many years manager of the Hudson's Bay store at Prince Albert, died recently after a long illness.

An Okanagan grape crop of 1,863,806 boxes, compared with last year's yield of 2,140,559 boxes, is the latest estimate by the horticultural department of British Columbia.

The epidemic of influenza in Fort Yukon, Alaska, has reached serious proportions, according to the Pacific coast branch office of the American Red Cross.

A rumor persists in Ottawa that Rt. Hon. Ramsay MacDonald, leader of the British Labor party, is to visit Canada this year. His visit, as planned, is not announced, would be of a private nature.

Due to the great decrease in the number of partridges, the Ontario department of game and fisheries has declared a closed season for partridge, prairie fowl, wild turkeys, quail or pheasants in the Port Arthur-Fort William district.

The lavish furnishings of the Czar's famous grand dining room will go to the United States, according to a Morning Post dispatch from Leningrad, which says an unnamed American has bid $500,000 for the outfit and got it.

Unique Advertising Idea

Reason Why Jokes Are Made About Aberdeen Stinginess

Aberdonians are spenders and not tight-wads as so often reported. One of the stock Scotch jokes at Aberdeen's expense has pictured it as a city with only one Jew inhabitant, and the latter recalled there that "he couldn't get enough money together to buy a ticket to some other place." A London advertiser found that Aberdeen barbers would take no tips, that a picture postcard of Aberdeen, valued at four cents, was given away, and that many shops in Aberdeen had signs in the windows, "A joke a day keeps the doctor away." As a fact it is asserted that there is a band of jokesmiths at work in Aberdeen—for purposes of advertising—distributing snappy stories about the stinginess of Aberdonians which are disseminated at regular intervals.

The Bonne Entente

Two Races That Can Each Contribute to the Greatness of Canada

Little by little the number of people who see things as they really are grows greater. We recognize the advantage to Canada in having two great races destined to live alongside one another, and to bring to the union of their country the precious qualities which are the peculiar heritage of each. The Bonne Entente is thus being established as rapidly as one could wish, but it is making progress. Years ago one, perhaps even dared not to censure such unions; but that time has ceased in time in an undoubted fact.—L'Action Catholique (Quebec).

Received Canadian Flowers

Queen Mary Presented With Basket of Peonies From Montreal

Beautiful bouquets of Canadian peonies have been presented to Queen Mary, Princess Mary and Dame Madge Grant Lloyd-Jones. The latter was part of a shipment of three thousand peony blossoms sent to Wembley exhibition from Montreal by the generosity of Mr. W. Ormiston Roy, of Montreal, whose aim it is to make Canada famous as the home of the peony.

A special basket of the same flowers was escorted to Buckingham Palace by Mr. J. Roy, for presentation to the Queen.

Quebec Safeguarding Public

Some fifty distilleries have lost their driving licenses in Quebec since the opening of the motoring season, and the department of roads is determined that violations of the motor laws of the province will cease or be so dangerous as to no longer constitute a menace to the travelling public.

Carpet Weighs Fifty-two Tons

The largest carpet in the world, measuring 2,250 square yards, or over half an acre, was recently laid in London, on the floor of the Savoy Restaurant and foyer. It weighed 52 tons and took 170 men to drag it into the restaurant in the early hours of one morning when the hotel was asleep.

New Zealand Exhibition

Canada Hopes to Derive Considerable Benefit From Taking Part

Canada's participation in the New Zealand and South Seas exhibition which is to be held at Dunedin, New Zealand, on November 1, 1925, to April 30, 1926, will show to advantage the productions of this country's resources and industries. The Canadian Government exhibition commissioner has contracted to take 24,000 square feet of space in the best location on the exhibition ground, and will erect a representative building which, showing the natural resources and products of the Dominion and the attractiveness of this country as a place for tourists.

Plans for the design and lay-out of the Canadian exhibit have been prepared and will be carried out by J. O. Turcotte, architect of the Canadian Government railways, and Mr. Turcotte, who will leave Ottawa for New Zealand about the end of the month, is now engaged in London from the British Empire exhibition, where he supervised the erection of the Canadian Pavilion and the elaborate designs and displays contributed by the different exhibits in the pavilion.

Canada stands to derive considerable benefit from taking part in this exhibition. When the international exhibition was held at Christchurch, New Zealand, in 1907, Canada took a prominent part and as a result trade with New Zealand was rapidly developed and a preference was accorded with the New Zealand Government which granted preferential rates on certain Canadian products.

The tariff was negotiated in 1903 and has been in force ever since; but the preference which Canadian goods in New Zealand totalled $12,735,826, imports from New Zealand were $2,181,023.

Accommodation will be available in the Canadian exhibit for between 80 and 100 exhibitors. Considering that the space is strictly limited, interested persons or firms are advised to make their applications at once to the Canadian Government Exhibition Commission at Ottawa.

Income From Candle Ends

Perquisite Stops Now That Buckingham Palace is Equipped With Electricity

Burnt candle ends have provided a nobby wardrobe in London and her family, a comfortable income. Over a century ago her grandfather acted as assistant to the lord steward of Buckingham Palace, and as the particular perquisite of his position he was granted all the candle ends from the royal apartments. The candles were then the only form of illumination used in those days, thousands of them were consumed every week. Servants in the royal household and candle ends were resold to a fashionable tallow chandler in Pall Mall, whether in the houses bought their candles. Sometimes when the function had been a very great one, the profit to the lord steward's assistant was very great, for it was a rigid rule that no candle in the royal apartments could be relighted after being put out. Though electric light has been used in Buckingham Palace for many years, the candle sticks were religiously filled afresh for every ceremony. But now, in the recent transformation of Buckingham Palace, the candlesticks in the state apartments have been removed. And with them will disappear the royal perquisite of the candle ends.

Visioning the Future

Adverse Conditions Magnified and Favorable Facts Ignored

There are those who are much loose talk about bad conditions in Canada. The "interiority complex" has been the subject of much of the writing of several decades. Sometimes it is the result of party feeling, and sometimes of the belief that conditions that "can't stay" are "looking green." In recent months the adverse conditions have been magnified and the favorable facts ignored by too many people. Something of the same condition exists in Great Britain, leading to the prospect of an outsider like Ernest Marshall, as published in a recent London cable to the "Globe," being built whose real enough, but they are exaggerated by the constant complaint of some observers.—The Toronto Globe.

The King of Optimists

The reason for ability to be an optimist is illustrated by the experience of Mr. W. Ormiston Roy, of Montreal, whose aim it is to make Canada famous as the home of the peony.

A special basket of the same flowers was escorted to Buckingham Palace by Mr. J. Roy, for presentation to the Queen.

"How long you in jail for, Sam?" inquired Rastus.

"Two weeks," answered Sam.

"What an de charge?"

"Dey say I beat my wife an' fine."

"Ah mean, what has you did?"

"Done also my wife."

"Ah don't see why you wife and only in jail for two weeks?"

"Dats all—den I gits lung."

Chocolates From the Sky

A package of chocolates from the dirigible Los Angeles, dropped in the air over Andover and Tarentum, Pa., while friends and neighbors were there for a party. "Have some chocolates and be happy," read the message on the box. It was signed by the dirigible's cook.

Lake Titicaca, on the top of the Andes Mountains, is 12,500 feet above sea level and is the highest navigable body of water in the world.

Declares No Risk In Polar Flying

Only Means of Solving Scientific Problems Says Dr. Hugh Eckener

Statements that airship exploration in the region of the North Pole involves material risks were contradicted by Dr. Hugo Eckener, director of the Zeppelin plant, who, speaking before the German Publishers' Association, declared that the only inconvenience and possible danger is from the cold encountered by the meeting of hot and cold air currents. These, however, were not expected at the Pole, where the average summer temperature was zero.

"The Zeppelin represents an instrument capable of solving scientific problems which otherwise could not be solved," declared Dr. Eckener. "With an airship it is possible to determine definitely the land and water distribution at the North Pole, whether there is the existence of land on this or the other side of the pole, the depth of the waters, and if the pole area is occupied by a shallow lake or deep ocean.

"The result of the observation will facilitate the drawing of important conclusions as to ocean currents and meteorological relations. They will also enable experimental research on questions like electricity, the earth's magnetism and the phenomenon of polar lights."

Cattle Space At Premium

Shortage of Space on Vessels for Heavy Shipments is Reported

All available cattle space is occupied on eastbound vessels these days, and Britain is actually suffering from a shortage of space, it was stated at Ottawa by officials of the department of agriculture. A situation was discussed between representatives of the cattle shippers and the department at which it was agreed that no difference have not been made public.

While more Canadian cattle are being shipped to the United States markets than there is space available, much British shipping is tied up because of insufficient westbound cargoes.

Officials of the department are of the opinion that the situation will be considerably relieved during September, when grain shipments commence, and full cargoes eastbound will be required. Vessels engaged to carry both cattle and grain will then find the mixed cargoes available, but for the present there is no apparent relief in sight.

Is Son Of Lord Cheylesmore

Capt. the Hon. Francis Ormond Henry Eaton Farms Two Sections of Land in Alberta

Captain the Hon. Francis Ormond Henry Eaton, who is farming two sections of land at Alix, Alta., is the eldest son of Lord Cheylesmore, who was severely injured in England while returning from the Derby shoot. Lord Cheylesmore's heir has been farming the Happy Valley Ranch at Alix, since 1924, and came to Alberta on leaving the army.

Captain Eaton served with distinction during the late war, and was with the Grenadier Guards, which regiment he joined from Cambridge University in August, 1914. He was at the front from the fall of 1914 until 1917, and was awarded the D.S.O. for gallantry in the field. After the war he was placed upon the retired list, and purchased a farm in Alberta, where he spends the summer, and the winter he generally lives in the south of France.

Noble Game of Golf

Toronto Claims to be Premier Golfing City in Canada

Toronto can claim to being the premier golfing city in Canada. Enormous jumps in popularity for the ancient and royal game are recorded in every year. It has reached a stage where it is one of the city's most popular pastimes—no longer is it a game. Today there are 22 large clubs in the city. In 1913 there were approximately 2,000 golfers, but today there are nearly 14,000 active participants. It is said on authority that Toronto's annual golf bill now passes three million dollars.

While Toronto is the leader, the rest of Canada is quite in the running, there being 104 clubs in the province. The nearest rival to this city is Winnipeg with 14 clubs and Montreal with 13. Winnipeg boasts more golfers per capita than any other city in the Dominion, although Calgary runs a close second.

Burbank Fails With Shamrock

Luther Burbank has been asked by the Celtic Fellowship if the tiny blossom of the shamrock plant can't be developed into a larger and more attractive flower. He replies that after working on it he has given up hope of ever doing so, and that anything really worthy of the Irish nation. In what year Mr. Burbank kissed the Blarney Stone is not stated. It says the phenomenal reference books at hand at this writing.

Japs On Salvage Trip

Expert divers will leave Tokio soon to try to salvage the Japanese transport Yasaka Maru, sunk by the Germans during the war. It had $500,000 in bullion aboard.

The man with a swelled head doesn't usually suffer as much as those who are compelled to associate with him.

The Vogue For Flare

Skirts complete circles and waists are fitted by the use of bias cuttings. The smart tie wardrobes designed for wearing at the country club, and for innumerable outings afterward. This attractive overblouse has a blouse that is piece by a flat band buttoning to the neck and topped by a youthful collar. The sleeves are long and gathered to a turn-back cuff that is fastened with links. A deep band buttons on the hips and holds the fullness firmly in place. Size 34, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches bust. Size 38 requires 2¾ yards of 36 inch or 40 inch material. Soft front and back flares make an appeal of smartness in this two-piece skirt, with the flare fullness being distributed on to an inner band. Sizes 26, 28, 30, 32 and 34 inches waist. Size 28 requires 2⅞ yards of 36 inch, or 2¼ yards of 54-inch material. Each pattern 15c.

Our Fashion Book, illustrating the newest and most practical styles, will be of interest to every home dressmaker. Price of fashion book 10c, or coupon good for five cents in the purchase of any pattern.

How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No..... Size.....

Name.....

Town.....

Province.....

Send 20c coin or stamps (wrap coin carefully)

Tribute To Canadians

France to Honor Memory of Two Former Residents of Quebec

Dr. Victor Morin, president of the Montreal Historical Society, has left for France to represent Canada in honoring the memory of two former Canadians. He will officiate at the unveiling of a monument at Brest to Louis Hemmon, author of "Marie Chapdelaine" and memory of Sir Hector Louis Langevin, father of Sir Arthur Casgrain, founder of Maisonneuve, founder of Montreal.

Immigration From Britain

Increased Movement of British Families for Dominion in 1926

Mr. Vincent Massey, Canadian high commissioner in Great Britain, who has arrived in Ottawa, predicts a much increased movement of British families to Canada next year. The process that has been worked out this year, he says, will make next year's problem much simpler. Meanwhile, as the result of recent conferences, the application of effort by the government and the two railway systems is in large measure, being removed with beneficial results.

Free School Books in N.B.

Fifty thousand children children in New Brunswick will get free school books under the Provincial Government's new plan, affecting pupils up to and including grade five. Of the number, 20,000 pupils are attending school in urban centres, while 30,000 are in rural districts. Over 200 shipments of school books have been made by the school book department, and advices of applications for books have been received from the school districts.

Alligator Scares Kansas Bathers

Swimmers in the Elk River went hurriedly for dry land when a large alligator suddenly poked his head out of the water. When a circus disappeared from a neighboring town two years ago, two alligators were thrown into the river.

Nest of Confetti

A goldfinch, which sits on the roof of Barwell Parish Church in Leicestershire, England, while weddings are taking place, has built a nest of confetti in a garden a few yards away.

Many a sick man has forgiven his enemies with the understanding that it wouldn't hold good if he got well.

Farmers Must Co-operate

Toronto Professor Believes Farmers Must Protect Themselves

Co-operation as a world-wide movement growing in strength and permanent in nature, was the view presented to the American Institute of Co-operation, Philadelphia, by Prof. C. R. Fay, of Toronto University.

Prof. Fay challenged critics who aver that the co-operative movement is of short duration, and presented a bird's eye view of the development of this idea in many lands. He said it would be a permanent institution in the United States because it is the outcome of "economic evolution," and combines sound business practices and inspiring ethical standards."

Prof. Fay traced the development of co-operation among farmers in various parts of the world, and added:

"For the last 25 years the new world has come in touch with the old, and with such brilliant examples as the Canadian wheat producers and the California fruit growers, the movement is leading the way along the new co-operative paths. For rich as the new world is, and large as its resources are, it is so rich industrially, there is need for a counter-pressure from the side of agriculture. This is why probably we may have giant corporation farms, but this is very doubtful, and if they come, the action will be the result of social stability which a prosperous community of comparatively small farmers provides.

"There is no stability in rural life if agriculture does not pay. Acting in isolation the farmer is his own worst enemy—helping to glut and to increase production, but co-operative action by himself with his fellows is needed to control the acreage planted and into line with production. The unorganized wage earner cannot secure his full measure of benefit, and neither can the unorganized farmer."

Willow Twig Saved Mount Logan Climbers

Branch Which Marked Trail Brought Them to Safety

How six men reached the summit of Mount Logan, second highest peak in north America, hitherto unconquered, only to descend with an ace of perishing at the moment of triumph, was revealed when two members of the expedition, Norman H. Hutchison, and Robert Morgan, Harvard graduate, reached Seattle on board the steamer Alaska.

The men were lost on their way down the summit and for nearly 48 hours were without food, exposed to snow and ice without food or any means of warming themselves, in a temperature of more than 20 degrees below zero.

Two of them, Captain A. H. McCarthy, leader of the Canadian section of the party, and W. W. Foster, D.S.O., Vancouver, were suffering from snow blindness and had to be led. Messrs. Taylor and McCarthy, had frozen hands or feet.

McCarthy, Foster and Allen Carpe, New Yorker, became separated from the other three, and for a time it looked as if all six would freeze to death. Hutchison and Morgan left for France to represent Canada in honoring the memory of two former Canadians. The fall officials at the unveiling of a monument at Brest to Louis Hemmon, author of "Marie Chapdelaine" and memory of Sir Hector Louis Langevin, father of Sir Arthur Casgrain, founder of Maisonneuve, founder of Montreal.

Map Of Reindeer Lake

Covers Huge Area in Northern Manitoba and Saskatchewan

The topographical survey of Canada, department of the interior, has recently completed and is now issuing a very interesting and valuable map of the Reindeer Lake area in northern Manitoba and Saskatchewan.

For many years the need of a reliable map of this area has been felt, and the lack of such a map has done much to delay a thorough investigation of the mineral possibilities this large area. The new map will serve as a base for geological investigations and will be invaluable to prospectors, trappers, miners and others to the administrative officials of the Dominion government departments whose duty it is to administer the affairs of the country.

Travel is entirely by canoe and dog train, except on Reindeer Lake where the Hudson's Bay Company and Revillon Freres have power boats plying between the terminals of the two winter roads at the south end of the lake and Brochet at the north end. On the value of the map to the traveller it may be noted that not only are all the lakes along the travelled canoe routes shown, but the length of the portages are given. "The nearest railway to the map is the village of Pas, Manitoba, located about 200 miles in a straight line from the south end of Reindeer Lake.

The Useful Straw Hat

A straw hat is a rather slight and inconsequential thing, but when it wheels turning in ninety-six American factories and supports a $250,000,000 industry. It also performs other useful services. By constantly proving that straws show when way the wind blows it forces folk to prevaricate. Engineers admire it because it will roll faster on one wheel than a bicycle will on two wheels and, though it has no differential, will turn a sharp corner without upsetting.—Youth's Companion.

It isn't always the most promising man who pays his debts.

Future of the Far North

Arctic Will Some Day Be Under Profitable Cultivation

Mr. Michael B. Mason, F.R.S., F.G.S., F.Z.S., has travelled extensively in the far northern region of Canada, and in his new book, "The Arctic Forest," he discusses the future of the white man in the Arctic region.

He denies "the fallacy" of supposing that the farther one goes north the less favorable do the conditions of life become, asserting that "the difficulties are caused so much by the latitude as by the remoteness from civilization and the consequent labor of transport."

Polut is made of the fact that many of the north Canadian territories once treated as "back of beyond" are now occupied and under profitable cultivation.

Mr. Mason says: "The world of today is scrambling in the muck like rats in a sewage bed, while the newest country in all the globe holds out the invitation to take in manhood, offering social stability which a prosperous community of comparatively small farmers provides.

"There is no stability in rural life if agriculture does not pay. Acting in isolation the farmer is his own worst enemy—helping to glut and to increase production, but co-operative action by himself with his fellows is needed to control the acreage planted and into line with production. The unorganized wage earner cannot secure his full measure of benefit, and neither can the unorganized farmer."

Flag Committee Dismissed

Ceased to Exist When Idea For Canadian Flag Was Dropped

There is no committee in existence at present to receive suggestions for a Canadian flag, it was stated in the government some months ago appointed a committee of departmental officers under the chairmanship of the deputy minister of national defence to receive suggestions and designs for a Canadian flag. At the time the committee was appointed it was pointed out that there was no Canadian flag for use on land. The red and blue ensigns with the Canadian coat in the fly were really for use on sea, although the former has sometimes been favored to as the national flag. It was also pointed out that both Australia and New Zealand had adopted flags which had been approved by King Majesty the King. Some weeks after the appointment of the committee was pleged, the committee is no longer in existence, and all suggestions for a flag had been received, some of them from England.

Reported Cancer Discovery

Dr. Mayo of Rochester Says it is Another Step Forward in Dealing With Malady

Dr. Charles H. Mayo, of Rochester, Minn., has said, "that they have still to feel secure and free from sudden attack. There is growing, however, a sense of discouragement. I do not expect that the time will come when nations will completely disarm."

Ancient Gates Returned

Taken From Chinese Village By British In 1899

Kamito's ancient gates which had been removed by the British in 1899, were recently formally placed back in their original positions. The ceremony was performed by the governor in the presence of government officials and leading Chinese and European residents at the village of Kamito, in the New Territories. In the proceedings, and the speeches of this governor and of the Chinese, were marked the friendliness which had endured Hundsam, and paid eloquent testimony to Anglo-Chinese friendship and the goodwill of the villagers.

Valuable Shipment From Russia

Platinum Worth £950,000 Sent By Soviets to London Bank

Filled with platinum, two great chests, weighing together three tons, stood on a wharf near London Bridge recently under close guard awaiting removal in use of the London banks. They had been landed from a Russian steamer, the Lieutenant Schmidt. The chests contained platinum which were reported to be worth £950,000, and that they had been sent to a London bank by the Russian Soviet Government. The chests were really great safes cased over with wood.

More Widows On Coast

California now claims more widows than any other state, Nevada or any other state. About 15 per cent. of the women over 15 are widows, according to the census bureau. North Dakota has the lowest percentage.

Coffee is believed to have been grown first in Abyssinia, but is not a native of Brazil, which now furnishes two-thirds of the world's coffee supply.

The great library at Alexandria was destroyed by Omar in the seventh century. He said that the Koran was the only book people should read.

Answer To Last Week's Puzzle

J	O	V	I	A	L	N	E	M	P	L	E			
U	N	I	T	Y	A	R	E	C	O	V	E	R	E	D
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The Population Of England

Has Increased From Twelve Millions To Nearly Thirty-eight Millions In Hundred Years

In a hundred years the population of England and Wales has increased from twelve millions to nearly thirty-eight millions, and accompanying that increase there has been a general excess in the number of females. This is one of many interesting conclusions arrived at by the registrar-general, who has published his final volume of the census for 1921.

Some curious facts emerge from the comparisons available as to the marriage stage of the population. For every 1,000 unmarried men in the country there are 1,153 unmarried women. In Lancashire the proportion of unmarried women is even higher (1,173), and in the West Riding of Yorkshire it is 1,141.

Nevertheless, the chances of marriage in Yorkshire, and, indeed, in the northeastern counties generally, are comparatively high. In the west riding the proportion of married women is 598 in every thousand, in Derbyshire it is 603, in Durham 584, Lancashire 578, Northumberland 574, in London it is only 564, and in Hampstead falls as low as 504. The expectation of marriage, therefore, appears to be much higher in the north than in the south.

Training For Ocean Trip

Canadian Canoeist Proposes to Cross Atlantic in Small Craft

Lieut. Smith, the Canadian canoeist, who proposes to cross the Atlantic in an 18-foot canoe, has begun training for the trip. He left Ostend for Ruder to Bergen. Smith recently was in Italy, where his daring voyages with the Canadian canoe aroused interest. Before visiting Italy he passed through Paris and showed the Parisians how he would shoot the bridge with his canoe without injury and then paddled up the Seine. Five thousand persons lined the bank at Pleas, Prussias, when Smith started for Berg on, to cheer him along.

Disarmament Question

Director of Military Operations For Great Britain During War Voices Opinion

The tendency among nations to limit armaments is growing very slowly," said General Sir Frederick Maurice, director of military operations for Great Britain in the war, here in an interview in New York.

"Before nations limit their military establishments," he said, "they will have to feel secure and free from sudden attack. There is growing, however, a sense of discouragement. I do not expect that the time will come when nations will completely disarm."

BAREE, SON OF KAZAN

By James Oliver Curwood

A LOVE EPIC OF THE FAR NORTH

Copyright, 1917, by Doubleday, Page & Co.

"BAREE, SON OF KAZAN," a Vitagraph Picture, With Wolf, the War Dog, is an Adaptation of This Story

CHAPTER I.

To Baree, for many days after he was born, the world was a vast gloomy cavern.

During these first days of his life his home was in the heart of a great windfall where Gray Wolf, his blind mother, had found a safe nest for his babyhood, and to which Kazan, her mate, came only now and then, his eyes gleaming like strange balls of greenish fire in the darkness.

Baree, of course, would never know their story. He would never know that Gray Wolf, his mother, was a full-blooded wolf, and that Kazan, his father, was a dog. In his nature was already manifesting its wonderful way, but it would never go beyond certain limitations. It would tell him, in time, that all beautiful motherhood was blind, but he would never know of that terrible battle between Gray Wolf and the lynx for the life of his mother's sight had been destroyed. Nature could tell him nothing of Kazan's meetings with Gray Wolf, the wonderful years of their matehood, of their loyalty, their strange adventures in the great Canadian wilderness. He could make him only a son of Kazan, great adventure. He had discovered his father.

This all happened in the third week of Baree's life. He was just eighteen days old. One night, when he was with Kazan to make the acquaintance of his son. If it had not been for Gray Wolf's blindness and the memory of that day on the Sun Rock when the lynx had destroyed her eyes, she would have given birth to Baree in the open, and his legs would have been quite strong. He would have known the sun and the moon and the stars; he would have realized who the thunder meant, and would have seen the lightning flashing in the sky. But as it was, Baree had learned nothing. He had time to do in that black cavern under the windfall but stumble about a little in the darkness, and lick with his tiny red tongue the raw bones that were strewn about them.

The sun was straight above the forest when, an hour or two after Kazan's visit, Gray Wolf slipped away. Between Baree's nest and the top of the windfall were forty feet of jammed and broken timber through which not a ray of light could break. This blackness did not frighten him, for he had yet to learn the meaning of what we call fear. Instinct, that was to lift him with his first great terror. So when Gray Wolf heard him and she paid no attention to his call, and the scraps of her claws on the dead timber died swiftly away.

This time Baree did not stop at the slight cliff up which had always shot in his mother that instant of disappearance. He clambered to the top of it and rolled over on the other side. Before him was a wide, open space, and he plunged into it courageously.

It took him a long time to make the journey across. Every inch he went to a log worn smooth by the feet of Gray Wolf and Kazan, and stopping every time for the cool and whispering air for his mother, he made his way further and further along it. As he went, there grew slowly a curious sensation in his throat, a choking, unknown nothing but blackness. And now this blackness seemed breaking into long streaks of gray, separated by shadows. Once he caught the flash of a fiery streak above him—a gleam of sunlight that forced him to look up, but he flattened himself down upon the log and did not move for half a minute. Then he looked up again. The same squeaked under him. He heard the swift rustling of a squirrel's feet, and a curious whistling sound that was not at all like any sound his mother had ever made. He was off the log.

A new terror held Baree rooted there. In an instant the whole world had changed. It was a flood of sunlight. Everywhere he looked he could see strange things. But it was the sun that frightened him most. It was like a ball of fire, and it made his eyes smart. He would have slunk back into the friendly gloom of the windfall but at the moment Gray Wolf came around the end of a great log, followed by Kazan. She muzzled Baree with her nose, and Kazan in most doglike fashion wagged his tail. This mark of the dog was to be a part of Baree. Half wolf, he would always was his fall. He tried to wag it now.

Perhaps Kazan saw the expression of fear and wonder in his son's eyes, for he sat back on his haunches.

For Baree it had been a great day. He had discovered his father—and the world.

CHAPTER II.

And it was a wonderful world—a world of vast silence, empty of everything but the creatures of the wild. Within a radius of a mile there were hundred miles away, and the first town of civilization was a straight three hundred miles to the south. Two years before, Tusoo, the Cree trapper, had called this his domain. It had come down to him, as was the law of the forests, through generations of forefathers; but Tusoo had been the last of his worn-out family; he had died, and only the trapper and the two children had died with him. Since then no human foot had trod within his trails. The lynx had multiplied. The moose and caribou had gone unhunted by man. The beaver had built their homes undisturbed. The tracks of the black bear were as thick as the tracks of the deer farther south. And where once the deadfalls and poison-baits of Tusoo had kept the wolves thinned down, there was no longer a menace for these monbokuns of the wilderness.

Among the sun of this first wonderful day came the moon and the stars of Baree's first real night.

Half a dozen times, as Baree wandered about near the windfall, he heard a soft whir over his head, and once or twice he saw gray shadows floating swiftly through the air. They were the big northern owls swooping down to investigate him, and if he had been a rabbit instead of a young wolfchip, his first night under the moon and stars would have been his last; but Baree, young, ignorant of the ways of the world, and the moon and the stars, had a keen sense of what he should not caution. Gray Wolf did not watch him closely. Instinct told her that in them forests there was no greater danger for Baree except at the hands of man. In his veins ran the blood of Kazan. He was a husky dog, and the other wild creatures, but no other creature, either winged or tanged, hunted him.

(To be continued)

Monopolizing "America"

Name Not Exclusive to United States Says Argentine Man

Two years in New York and in Argentine—sat over their after-dinner coffee on the Avenida de Mayo, one of the leading thoroughfares of Buenos Aires. The street was alive with motor traffic. Tall buildings loomed in every direction. Electric signs blazed familiar names from the gardens of adjacent movie theatres. Color and chatter animated the throng that passed back and forth.

After watching the varied sidewalk panorama, De New Yorker remarked, "This is more like America than any other I have seen down here, and I have already done the West Coast."

"It can't permit me to say so," replied his companion, "I object to the use of the word 'America' in connection with your country.

Is as much a part of the American continent as the United States. We have our own claim to the word 'America' as you."

The traveller from the north looked a little blank for a moment, then he retorted, "I guess you are right, but it had never occurred to me before."

—Harold Marcosson, in Saturday Evening Post.

Trying New Experiment

Scientists Educating Apes to Discover Cause of Human Diseases

The first monkey house in the world, where chimpanzees and gorillas will be waited upon assiduously by woman attendants, and where they will be studied, is now being constructed in the heart of the west African jungle at Kindia, French Guinea. There are already eighty inhabitants.

The objects of the new colony, which has been founded by the Pasteur Institute, with the support of the French Government is to capture apes young, and, if possible, to train them, to educate them, to imitate, to feel of human beings, and, by inoculating them with various serums, to try to discover if twelve diseases such as cancer, tuberculosis, infantile paralysis, and a host of other scourges that afflict the half-civilized world are curable.

"It seems that all the microbic diseases of the human race can be transmitted to the chimpanzee, whose blood has the same qualities as that of human beings. We hope that in a few years great surprises will have been made in the prevention and treatment of diseases against which man is at present more or less helpless."

World's Undiscovered Treasure

Plunderers of Southern Cities Hid Their Booty Well

To world adventurers the following hidden treasures may prove a boon. Trinidad is believed to be "a mine of treasures." Much of the wealth of the Spanish Main which Elizabethan cities was conveyed to that is land by the sea rovers who plundered the Spanish fleets. It is said that the coffin on the Auckland Islands lies the General Grant, which was wrecked in 1866, with 50,000 ounces of gold on board. It is known that the vessel is still within the cave, but expeditions from Australia and New Zealand have been baffled by the undertow and the great combers.

Lovers of romance, too, will find food for dreams in the tradition that on the mainland of Panama is a great store of gold hidden by Sir Francis Drake, who had sacked the city of the same name. The treasure was never retrieved, and no one knows where to look for it.

Come To See, Stay To Buy

The advantage of attracting tourists to Canada does not end in the direct benefit which it undoubtedly yielded to transportation and trading companies. The tourist is qualified to be a prospective investor in Canada.

From the impressions gained on a holiday visit many may be led to come again to settle permanently in Canada.—Ottawa Citizen.

Prepared For Emergencies

As a means of preventing suicides, the casino at Monte Carlo maintains the custom of paying the transportation home of any gambler who has lost all his money.

DR. HAMILTON'S PILLS

FOR HEADACHE, BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, KIDNEYS, LIVER, BOWELS.

Sightless Woman "Sees" Colors In Singing

Extraordinary Experiences of Bristol Girl Who Was Born Blind

How people born blind a sense of color?

The experience of Miss Eva H. Bristol, London, a young woman of Bristol, England, who has been blind from birth, suggests that the brain may have other methods of perceiving color than by the ordinary means through the optic nerve, for she "sees" colors when she sings.

Miss Longbottom provides an extraordinary example of the great accomplishments that can be acquired even by the blind.

She is the British Helen Keller. She is an L.R.A.M. and A.R.C.M., is not only a ballad singer but has appeared in oratorio—a great feat for a totally blind person who cannot see the conductor's baton.

Miss Longbottom told the reporter that it was as a child that she first became aware that sound was producing colors.

She had attended a concert at which Mr. Ben Davies sang.

"As he proceeded with his song," she said, "I became aware of a strange and beautiful light shining near me. I felt an impulse to stretch out my fingers and catch it. Never having from my birth days beheld a ray of light, I marvelled much at what I now saw so clearly, and thought it must be the realization of my own fancy.

Miss Longbottom made up her mind to encourage this sensation of light, and she had no lack of light as such, yet she believed, by comparing impressions with her friends, that their light was not the same as hers.

Here are some main colors which Miss Longbottom sees, though she is pondering of infinite variations:

Red: Deep voice, contralto or bass. "Sometimes the red is almost physical," she says.

Orange: A powerful voice with a full ring.

Violet: High notes with rapid vibrations. A most pleasing color. It is peculiar to the violin and piano, soprano and tenor voices.

Apart from her color sense she possesses many other mystifying qualities. She can tell the color of light, the captions read to her, and, apart from that, dislikes any further information. She knows the pictures play for herself, and astonishes other people by the correctness of her descriptions.

Ascot Is Royal Function

King Attends This Race Meeting With Pomp and Ceremony

King George goes racing on a good many occasions during the year, but the season that it is only at Ascot that he attends a race meeting with the pomp and ceremony of a King. For Ascot is a royal function in addition to being one of the most popular race meetings of the year.

At Epsom, where the King goes to be among his people to witness the sport which they love so well and to shake hands with the lucky owner of the winner, the gigolo race bonds the royal carriage as it goes through the downs, clearing him as a sportsman, who is also a King. It is a semi-private affair.

But Ascot—Royal Ascot—is a different affair altogether. Only the personal friends of the King and Queen, or those personally approved by them are admitted to the royal enclosure, and to be seen there stamps one as being "in the know" to a degree of society.

The scene on the lawns of the royal enclosure, say with flower beds containing masses of the choicest blooms, where all the greatest personages of the realm are gathered together, is one of our most picturesque annual pageants.

Special rubber insulated gloves and sleeves are now made for the purpose of protecting electrical workers from shock.

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For Colds Headache
Neuralgia Rheumatism
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Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets
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Aspirin is the trademark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.

Mineral Wealth of Dead Sea

Government to Grant Rights to Under-take Development Work

Efforts soon will be made to exploit the vast mineral wealth of the Dead Sea, and Palestine, the richest country in the world for potash resources, may begin to yield up some of its riches.

A government announcement says that in view of the existence in the Dead Sea of large deposits of minerals, the winning and marketing of which for commercial purposes is believed to be practicable, the crown agents for the colonies are acting on behalf of the government of Palestine, are prepared to receive applications for the grant of rights to undertake operations.

The volume of the Dead Sea is somewhere in the neighborhood of 120,000,000,000 cubic metres. Hence the area contains roughly 30,000,000,000 tons of mixed salts, of which probably 1,500,000,000 tons are potassium chloride. The salts occur as a strong brine, intense blue in colour, and the utilization and crystallization for the production of pure salts by the natural power of the sun's heat is easy. Percentage of salts in the brine is at least 25 per cent., of which 24 per cent. is sodium chloride, four to seven per cent. potassium chloride, and up to one per cent. or more of magnesium bromide.

The surface of the Dead Sea lies 1,292 feet below the sea level. It is 46 miles long and 10 miles wide. It is estimated that 6,500,000 tons of water fall into it daily. Because of the extraordinary evaporation caused by the intense heat, the water is impregnated with mineral substances, of which common salt constitutes seven per cent. Fish cannot live in the Dead Sea, which destroys nearly all organic life.

Bolshevik's Order Misconstrued

Intention Was to Hold Czar's Family For Ransom Says Russian Princess

Reports that the Grand Duchess Anastasia, daughter of the former Czar of Russia, is alive in Berlin are "all nonsense," it was asserted at Buckingham Palace by a relative today of a Russian general who was related to the Romanoffs.

Giving a graphic description of the execution of Nicholas the Second, and all his family, the Pri ncess claimed positively that none of the Romanovs escaped.

An order from Bolshevik headquarters when the revolution broke out in the fall of 1917 was, in case of danger from the Czecho-Slovakian army, was interpreted by the guards who were in charge of the royal family at Ekaterinburg to mean that the Romanoffs were to be killed, and the execution followed. The Bolsheviks had meant to keep the Romanoffs as hostages and as a means of obtaining concessions from European powers, she said.

Princess Zitsanoff has founded an employment bureau for Russian refugees in New York.

A Series Of Thirteens

Unlucky Number Played Remarkable Part in Life of Noted Composer

Richard Wagner had a curious part in the life of Richard Wagner. He was born in 1813. The numerals of which added up to 13. He composed make thirteen, and he was given a name (Richard) the letters of which, added up, make 13. His last work (Wagner), also make thirteen. The famous composer finished "The Flying Dutchman" on June 13, 1841, and he completed "Tannhauser" on April 13th, 1844. The scoring of "Das Rheingold" was finished on Sept. 13th, 1854, and that of "Parsifal" on January 13-th, 1882. Wagner was married on Aug. 13th, 1834, fifteen years, and realized his fondest ambition of giving his own opinion of Paris when he produced "Tannhauser" on March 13th, 1876, with the first performance of "The Ring" complete, at Bayreuth, was given on August 13th, 1876. Curiously enough the number of complete operas composed by Wagner, whose death—to complete a remarkable series of coincidences—occurred on February 13th, 1883.

The Friend of All Sufferers.—Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil is a valuable remedy to have in the house. It holds out hope to everyone and realizes it by shilling suffering everywhere. It is a boon to the human race in the form of half a continent. It is on sale everywhere and can be found wherever enquired for.

Heavy Canal Traffic

Canada's canal traffic during last year was featured by the large increase in grain shipments down the Welland and St. Lawrence Canals, according to a statement issued by the Dominion bureau of statistics and prepared in collaboration with the department of railways and canals. The total traffic on those canals was practically beyond that of any previous year.

What's in a Name

Premier Michalakopoulos, of Greece, may be associated with Premier Papanastasiou, with Admiral Hadjikiakos as a colleague. If Shakespeare's query is: "What's in a name?" was intended to include Greek statesmen, the answer is "About two dozen letters."

No Hope

Judge—Have you anyone here to speak in your defence?

Prisoner.—I'm afraid not. I only brought my wife.

A Tourist Camp At Night

Some of the Trials of the Motorist On Tour

The klaxon sounds the knell of parting day, some late arrivals (through the dust clouds creep, and three pre-natal cider sedan, the radio set emits its nervous squeal, and underneath a nearby light a man pounds until daylight on a boarded wheel. Between those interested tops, those patent tents where falls the dust into each unhorned pore, each on his folding bed of light expense, the rude explorers of the highway snore. Let not ambition mock their cruel way cars, their banal clothes of vintage obscure, no grandeur view, with lassiour like a czar's, the short and simple flivvers of the road. The music of shiny paint, the pomp of power, and all that charms the motorists fop, await him in the inevitable hour—the paths of touring lead but to the shop. Can streamline hood or silver-plated bullet, buck in its mountain call the spring spark, can plush upholstery foil the clumsy duke, who bang into driver's ribs in the dark? The many a boob of purest ray serene succumbs each summer to the touring itch, foil wheel, alike in the inevitable hour—to ashy

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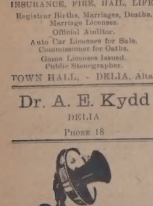

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The quiet, powerful, easily accessible Stan engine is enclosed in the handsomest body ever placed on a low priced car.

L. SMART, Local Dealer
STAR DURANT FLINT SIX

UNRESERVED
Auction Sale
Of Horses, Cattle, Machinery, Harness, Furniture, &c.

On instructions received from L. SVERDAHL, Administrator of the estate of John J. Larson, I will offer for Sale by PUBLIC AUCTION, on the
N.E. Qr. 18-33-17, West 4th
(15 miles North of Delia)
On Wednesday, August 5th
1925, at One o'clock sharp
Consisting 14 head of Horses, 9 head of Cattle, Farm Machinery, Harness, Ford Touring Car, Furniture, etc.
Terms—Cash. Free Lunch at Noon.
L. SVERDAHL, Administrator. W. C. KING, Auctioneer.
H. D. KOENIG, Clerk. 30 1a

Domestic Animals' Act
(Municipalities)

NOTICE OF SALE

Notice is hereby given under Section 48 of The Domestic Animals' Act (Municipalities), that the following animal has been impounded and sold, and may be redeemed by the owner, or on his behalf, within a period of thirty days from the publication of this notice in *The Alberta Gazette*, upon payment of all fees and costs due to the municipalities and purchaser of the said animal:
One Bay Mare, weight 1,200 lbs., aged,
branded right shoulder

right neck and right thigh
was impounded in the pound kept by George Murphy, located on the N.E. ¼ of 26-20-19-w4, on the 5th day of July, 1925, and that the said animal was sold on the 17th day of July, 1925, to Fred Grenier, of Midnight, Alberta.
W. S. TURNER, Sec.-Treas.
M.D. of Mirichiki, No. 277.
P.O. Munson, Alberta. 31c

FOR SALE

A number of Registered Shorthorn Cattle ; also a 28-42 "Waterloo Champion" Threshing Separator. Will trade for young horses. Apply
E. R. TILLOTSON.
30-32p Craigmyle.

FOR SALE OR TRADE

a small Heater, Galvanized Water Barrel, and an Eastman Kodak. Would trade for cow, pig or chickens.
J. E. WOODS.
31-3p P.O. Box 150. Delia.

The Delia Times
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY
Chas. S. Milligan ..... Editor
Jos. McKibbon ..... Manager
Subscription rates $1.50 per annum in advance.
Classified Advertising, such as Lost, Stolen or Strayed Articles, Wanted or For Sale, &c., 50c. first insertion, 25c. each subsequent insertion.
Miscellaneous and Reader Advertisements 10c per line first insertion, 10c per line each subsequent insertion.
Display Advertising and Local rates on application.
Change of advertisement must reach this office not later than noon each Tuesday to insure insertion in the following issue.
THURSDAY, JULY 30, 1925

CROP REPORTS.

The issuing of crop reports by all manner of organizations, official and otherwise, says the "Western News," has come to be a sort of mania throughout the West. Railway companies, banks, newspapers, heads of milling concerns, grain dealers, departments of agriculture, all take a whirl at the game during the crop growing season.

Many of these reports are unreliable, some of them wholly false, and a few of them put out expressly for the purpose of serving the selfish interests of the organizations that put them out. The bank reports are generally fairly reliable. The reports of the various departments of agriculture are generally as reliable as it is possible to make them and are based on surveys made by experts who have no object to serve in moderating or exaggerating the facts. For the rest it may be said that they can be dismissed as practically worthless in arriving at any definite knowledge of the exact condition of the crops. Railway companies issue crop reports in a manner that will furnish the best sort of propaganda for their immigration agents to bring more settlers into the country, and therefore provide more earnings for the railways. Heads of milling concerns issue reports and estimates of the crops for the one purpose of depressing the wheat market so that they make contracts for their requirements at low prices. Those people depend for their information on reports from agents and correspondents who are quite irresponsible and who have only the most superficial knowledge of the actual condition of affairs.

Three weeks ago an estimate was published from James Stewart, head of the Maple Leaf Milling Co., to the effect that Western Canada would harvest 500,000,000 bushels of wheat. Now, Mr. Stewart is a prominent man in the grain trade and holds the reputation of being conservative in what he says. His estimate was a given wide publication as coming from a man in close touch with the situation. But, in our opinion, James Stewart must have known down in his own heart at the time he made the estimate that there was no possibility of the West producing such a crop as he had estimated because adverse conditions had already set in over large areas.

The Western farmers this spring had the most encouraging prospects since 1915. But three weeks ago conditions set in which rapidly reduced the prospects of a bumper crop similar to that year. Still there is no use denying the fact that Alberta will produce an average crop and one bigger than seemed probable a week ago.

Local and District

CRANTON—Born, to Mr. and Mrs. G. Crantou, Craigmyle, on July 22, a son.

LEE—Born, to Mr. and Mrs. F. Lee, Mecheche, on July 24, a son.

MOORE—Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Moore, on July 28, a son.

* * *

Jack Brown returned home from California on Friday.

* * *

F. Anderson received a carload of Plymouth twine this week.

* * *

Miss Edith Dawson left Tuesday night on a visit to Carman, Man.

* * *

Gale Schiefla returned home last week after spending two weeks at Banff.

* * *

Miss Katie Reid is acting as day operator at the local telephone exchange.

* * *

Messrs. King & Murdoch shipped a carload of horses East today (Thursday).

* * *

Bob Richardson returned home this week after a visit to Windermere and Banff.

* * *

M. J. Molle, of Manville, has been appointed as grain buyer for the U.G.G. here.

* * *

W. M. Hartman left Wednesday morning via Prince Rupert on a visit to Vancouver.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs G. Martin entertained a number of young people on Tuesday night, a pleasant time being spent.

* * *

W. Gibson received a carload of McCormick binders and a carload of twine this week.

* * *

Mrs. McGuire, of Portage la Prairie, Man., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. G. Lane.

* * *

Master Arthur MacClean, of Calgary, is spending his holidays at the home of D. J. Elliott.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Battle, son, accompanied by Miss Battle, left Tuesday night for St. Catherines, Ont.

Mrs. E. M. Bigelow entertained a number of young people at a lawn party on Tuesday afternoon.

* * *

G. E. Kennedy left Tuesday night on a month's visit to Toronto and other Eastern Canada points.

* * *

Miss M. McNaught and Miss E. Dowler have been re-engaged for another term by the School Board.

* * *

Mr and Mrs. A. Nicol left by auto for Buffalo Lake Sunday morning, returning home the following day.

* * *

E. A. Thompson left Tuesday morning on a two weeks' visit to Vancouver and other Pacific Coast points.

* * *

Carl Ritchie, of Mecheche, was a patient at Drumheller hospital last week, where he underwent a minor operation.

* * *

Crop conditions locally have been much improved by the recent rains and cool weather and the grain is now in good shape.

* * *

In preparation for the busy fall season, the local lumber yards are stocking up, several carloads having recently arrived.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. F. Lamb and family, of Edmonton, were the guests last week of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Rawcliffe, Mecheche.

* * *

Mrs. Duncan Reid returned home Friday night after a month's visit to Long View, Washington, and other points on the Pacific Coast.

* * *

Miss Margaret Burke entertained at afternoon tea on Thursday last in honor of Miss Chrystie Bigelow, about 20 young ladies being present.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Rouney, of Grand Rapids, Michigan, are visiting their nephew and niece, Mr. and Mrs. Gale Schiefla, of Verdant Valley.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Koenig motored to Edmonton last Monday, returning Wednesday accompanied by Miss Koenig, who is home for vacation.

* * *

Miss Constance Eaton, of the staff of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, left for Calgary Tuesday morning, where she has been transferred to the office of the district superintendent.

* * *

In honor of Miss Constance Eaton, a farewell party was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Gordon on Friday night, when about 25 guests were present.

* * *

D. J Elliott, his father, and three nieces, Misses Lena, Phemia, and Annie Beath, spent last week on a motor trip to Calgary, Banff, Lake Louise and other points.

* * *

Mrs. J. J. Bradford, Mrs. C. Oman, and Mrs. G. E. Hewson attended a meeting of the executive of the Hand Hills Constituency of the W.I. held at Drumheller on Friday.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Benson left by auto for Stettler Wednesday afternoon, where they will attend the old settlers' reunion. From there they contemplate making a camping trip through the Banff district.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. L. Haynes and baby left on Tuesday by motor cycle on a month's visit to Vancouver. During their absence Mr. Whyte, of Calgary, will conduct the Baptist services in Coates' hall.

* * *

The annual exhibition of the Delia Agricultural Society will be held on Wednesday, August 12, and all should assist in making the fair a success by making all the entries they possibly can.

* * *

Mrs. and Miss Jean McDonald arrived here Friday from Calgary, where they have been residing for the last twelve months. They have taken up residence in the house recently vacated by G. W. Richardson, and Miss McDonald has joined the staff of the Canadian Bank of Commerce in succession to Miss C. Eaton.

* * *

"Camp" Bungalow was the scene of happy activity during Chautauqua Week. Presided over by Mesdames McLeod, Needham and Harrison, and chaperoned by Mrs. Limpert, between 25 and 30 friends and neighbors partook of their bounteous hospitality at each tea hour. The idea is a good one, not only making it a pleasant change and holiday for all concerned but making chautauqua much more enjoyable.

SENTINEL HILL ITEMS.

Quite heavy rains have fallen in this vicinity during the past few days and will help materially in filling out the grain.

Mrs. McLeod, of Morrin, spent last week in this neighborhood, and took in the chautauqua held at Delia.

Miss Kathleen Newman spent several days in town last week and underwent dental treatment by Dr. Frith.

The Misses Dorothy and Thelma Dawson spent the week-end with Miss Beth Hewson at her home here.

Owing to the heavy rain Sunday afternoon Sunday school and service was not held.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. McPherson and family left by auto for Calgary Sunday. They were accompanied by Miss Dorothy Johnson, of Sinnora, who has been visiting with her aunt and uncle during the past ten days.

* * *

Mrs. R. Morrison and son, Bobby, spent Chautauqua week in Delia as the guest of Mrs. Alex Morrison.

Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Hewson motored to Drumheller Friday afternoon, where Mrs. Hewson attended an executive meeting of the Hand Hills Constituency W.I., held at the home of the constituency convener, Mrs. (Dr.) Gibson.

Miss Ethel Newman was the guest of Mrs. Harrison, Mrs. Needham, and Mrs. McLeod at the McKee cook-house during Chautauqua week.

MAJESTIC AND FARRELL LAKE NEWS.

Mrs. Keith has her sister, Mrs. Baverstock, from England, visiting her.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Heidt are back home again.

Edwin Martin had the misfortune to get kicked by a horse and is somewhat badly hurt.

A. K. McDonald is busy digging a basement for their new residence.

Miss Milne and Alice Hands have returned home after spending a week with friends near Castor.

Alex Aitken, who has been working in Los Angeles, is back again. He says Alberta looks good to him.

Mrs. S. Wylie and two daughters are visiting in Calgary.

Mrs. Finlay left Tuesday on a week's visit to friends at Stettler.

Don't forget the Majestic-Farrell Lake W.I. picnic at Long Lake on August 7.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Carson and Mr. and Mrs. A. McKay and family returned home Monday after spending a week at Buffalo Lake.

Dave Shand has his two cousins, the Stuart boys, from Stettler, visiting him.

CRAIGMYLE NEWS.

The heavy shower of Sunday afternoon of about two hours' duration and the one on the following day has greatly benefited the crops and the grain is filling well.

Born—to Rev. F and Mrs. Forster, on Sunday, July 26, a son.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. William Shandera, on Saturday, July 25, a son.

Mr. and Mrs. Clare Dunham, of Vulcan, have been visiting the latter's brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Cavanaugh, and left on Tuesday morning by auto for home.

Mrs. V. E. Starr and children arrived last week and have taken up residence in the Crown Lumber Co. house. Mr. Starr being local agent.

E. M. Wagen returned at the end of last week from inspecting the various Union Bank branches east of here on this line in Alberta.

Mrs. G. H. Ross left Sunday on a visit to her parents at Hamilton, Ont., and expects to be away several weeks.

On Saturday last Ralph (Pete) Nixon was operated on by Drs Crawford and Kydd for a most unusual form of hernia. He is progressing favorably.

Very few people were around town on the day of the Hand Hills stampede.

Mrs. Leon Ross returned home from Calgary Thursday.

The bachelor boys who have been occupying the Tergwiller Grain Co. house on Railway ave. have received word that it will be required by the company's local agent, who is expected to arrive shortly.

Clem Sierserding and J. T. Cummins, with a crew of seven men, have been busy for the last two weeks doing the filling on the road from town east and south to the Correction line. The switchback effect of the road has been done away with and is now nearly level.

STONELAW NEWS.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Erbe were visitors to Edmonton last week and also visited at Camrose on their return home.

Ed. Trickel received a kick on his leg from a horse, causing a hemorrhage, as a result of which he has been laid up for the past two weeks.

It is rumored that no less than three silos have been purchased at Byemoor for the erection of elevators and that two or three stores will be moved there by the time the steel is laid.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Sverdahl and children were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Trickel Sunday.

George Ridley, Louis Sverdahl, and Charlie Phillips were visitors to Delia on Saturday.

Quite a number from this district attended the Hand Hills stampede.

John Olson was a business visitor to Delia on Saturday.

The secret of success in life is for a man to be ready for his opportunity when it comes.

Next Sunday, at 10.15 a.m., Mrs. Dr. Chalters, for 14 years a missionary in China, will give an address on the work in that country in Coates' hall, Delia.

The
Court of Last Appeal

YOU are the judge and the jury. Your verdict is final. There can be no appeal—for this is the High Court of Public Opinion.

The wares of the world must appear before you—the product of every factory—the merchandise of every store. Those things that fail to measure up to your requirements are quickly condemned to oblivion.

The Merchant who Advertises deliberately places his merchandise on trial

He openly courts your critical inspection. He invites comparison. He directs your attention to his goods, and then forces those goods to stand on their own merits.

If he were not sure of his wares he would not dare to advertise. For advertising would put him to a test he could not meet, and thus hasten the end of his business career. It would be business suicide.

You can depend on the man who Advertises

He **knows** his product is good.

That's one reason why it pays to read the advertisements in this paper. It is through advertising that you are able to keep in touch with the good things that progressive business men are spending their money to introduce and to keep before you.

DELIA Agricultural
FAIR
Wednesday, Aug. 12

GRAND EXHIBITION OF LIVESTOCK

Prize Lists now ready. Read them carefully.

$3,500 in Prizes

Encourage the Children to enter

Be Sure You Have Your Membership Ticket

Make your entries early with the Secretary—
LESLIE STEPHENS, Town Hall, Delia

Admission, 50c; Autos Free; Children under 14, Free

USE
Old Reliable Massey-Harris
Binder Twine
FOR REAL SATISFACTION
H. D. KOENIG, Agent
Central Garage, Delia, Alta.